

Race Related  
Incidents in the  
City and County

Common Monitoring Project  
Annual Report  
2006-7

## Racist Incident Definition

The definition of a racist incident that should be used by all agencies is that recommended by the Report of the Stephen Lawrence Enquiry.

**"A racist incident is any incident which is perceived to be racist by the victim or any other person."**

"The purpose of this definition is not to prejudge the question of whether a perpetrator's motive was racist or not; that may have to be proved if, for instance, the perpetrator is to be charged with a racially aggravated offence. The purpose of the definition is rather to ensure that investigations take into full account of the possibility of a racist dimension to the incident and that the statistics of such incidents are collected on a uniform basis."

(Home Office Code of Practice on reporting and recording racist incidents in response to recommendation 15 of the Stephen Lawrence Inquiry Report)

## Content

Foreword	Page 3
Summary of Findings	Page 4
Overview of the Year	Page 5
Nottinghamshire Common Monitoring Project Evaluation	Page 6
Legal Duties	Page 9
Ethnic Origins	page 9
Introduction	Page 10
Data/Information Presented	Page 10
Racist Incidents Reported per Year	Page 11
Racist Incident Local Authority	Page 11
Nottinghamshire Police	Page 12
Ashfield	Page 13
Bassetlaw	Page 17
Broxtowe	Page 21
Gedling	Page 24
Mansfield	Page 29
Newark and Sherwood	Page 33
Rushcliffe	Page 37
Nottingham	Page 41
Nottinghamshire Courts	Page 46
Racist Incidents Reported by Schools	Page 47
Eastern European Migrant Workers	Page 51
Agencies Joining the Common Monitoring Project	Page 51
Source of Incident Reports	Page 52
Training	Page 53
Further Information	Page 54

## Foreword

It is with great pleasure that I present to you our eleventh annual report and, as always, I wish to express our appreciation to the Nottingham City and Nottinghamshire County Council for their financial support, the Steering Group and participating agencies for their contribution and support without which, a multi-agency co-ordinated response to racism would not be possible.

The report has been released later than usual this year as the Steering Group made the decision to align the report with the financial year instead of the calendar year. We stress once again that, whilst the report is a collection of data and information, it is about real people and the daily harassment they suffer. Nothing will be achieved by just filing this report. We all need to consider whether we have made our contribution.

- **Have we recorded all the incidents of which we became aware?**
- *Does your organisation have adequate policies and procedures covering reporting and recording?*
- *Have you promoted your participation in the project and encouraged victims to come forward?*
- *Have your staff been made aware of the aims and objectives of the project?*
- *Have your staff received adequate training?*
- *Is proper support and advice being provided to victims?*
- *What actions are you taking against alleged perpetrators?*

If you cannot answer all of these questions then you need to take positive action.

In last year's report we raised our concerns about the number of incidents being reported from schools in the County. There has been a positive response with more than double the number of reports from County schools but we believe there is still some way to go as less than 50% of City and County schools have reported an incident and only three have reported that no incidents occurred.

Finally, the report includes the Executive Summary from the External Evaluation carried out by Kusminder Chahal. We thank him for his efforts and we are pleased that he had so much positive to say about the project. The project is seen as providing a valuable resource but change is necessary for it to fully achieve its potential. We look forward to your support in taking the project forward.

**Afzal Sadiq**

**Chief Executive Officer, Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Racial Equality Council**

## Summary of Findings

### In 2006-7

- 2173 separate race related incidents were reported to the participating agencies during 2006/7. This is over a 12% increase on the period 2005/6.
- Reported incidents increased in all local authority areas except Rushcliffe.
- Nearly 1800 different people were the direct victims of racist incidents during 2006/7.
- Eastern European migrant workers are now a significant victim group.
- Over 2400 different people were alleged to have instigated race related incidents.
- 28% of victim's suffered at least one repeat incident during 2006/7 and 11% of the alleged offenders are alleged to have offended at least a second time.
- 37% of the alleged offender are known to be young people aged 17 years or under.

### Criminal Justice

- Race related incidents, including non-crime incidents, reported to the Nottinghamshire Police during 2006/7 increased by 11% to 1520.
- 29% of incidents reported to the Police during 2006/7 were classified non-crime compared to 34% of incidents during 2005/6.
- Over 34% of race related crime was detected during 2006/7.
- 132 charges were prosecuted in court of which 70% were for racially aggravated offences.
- 90% of the charges prosecuted were proven in court.

### Racist Incidents Reported by Schools

- 404 incidents were reported by Nottinghamshire and Nottingham City Schools during 2006/7. This is an increase of 60 on the 2005/6 period and is a result of an increase in the number of incidents reported by County Schools.
- Fewer schools reported incidents in the City whereas in the County the number of different schools reporting incidents increased from 18 to 47.
- During 2006/7 in City Schools victims came from thirty-seven different ethnic groups and in the County from twenty-six different ethnic groups.
- Twenty-one percent of victims suffered repeat victimisation during 2006/7 and twenty-one percent of alleged offenders are alleged to have offended more than once during the period.

## Overview of the Year

The Common Monitoring Project has had another successful year. It has received details of over 2100 race related hate incidents from participating agencies which is an increase of over 12% on the previous period. A detailed analysis of these incidents is contained in this report. There are the usual victim groups and patterns of attack and, notably during the last year, we have seen an increase in attacks on Eastern European migrant workers, in particular those from Poland.

The project has worked hard to maintain awareness of the organisation itself, reporting procedures and legislative requirements. Fourteen training events and two presentations (16 in total) were carried out across the county at organisations such as local authorities, housing associations and criminal justice agencies generating additional income for the project. An active role continues to be played in race awareness forums across the county. Analysis reports have been developed to provide up-to-date comparative information to provide understanding of local trends and incidents. Six new agencies joined the project during the year. This included the University of Nottingham Students Union and they have already contributed incidents to the project.

It was disappointing last year when our grant applications to expand the project to cover all hate incidents and crimes was not received favourably. However, this has not deterred us from our aims. The database can already accommodate and analyse any type of hate incident and a one off grant from the Nottinghamshire Community Foundation has been put to good use. We now have a website ([www.nhip.org.uk](http://www.nhip.org.uk)) using the new project name "Notts Hate Incident Partnership" that not only provides information about the project but the ability for individuals and partner agencies to report on line.

We have also invested in an external review of the project. It has reported favourably on the achievements of the project over the last eleven years but also identified areas where restricted funding has prevented the project from achieving its full potential. Recommendations have been made and a business plan will be prepared to put forward the case and advantages of having an expanded project.

Dave Johnson  
System Co-ordinator

## Nottinghamshire Common Monitoring Project Evaluation

Using part of a one-off grant from Nottinghamshire Community Foundation an external evaluation of the project was organised. This was carried out during the latter part of 2006 by Kusminder Chahal and the Executive Summary from the final report is included below. Copies of the full Evaluation Report can be obtained by contacting the System Co-ordinator.

### Executive Summary

The Nottinghamshire Common Monitoring Project (CMP) is a unique dataset of recorded racial incidents that has been gathered since 1996 when the Project was first set up. The CMP was based at the Afro-Caribbean and Asian Forum until 2004 when it moved to the Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Racial Equality Council (NNREC).

When the Project was launched at the Indian Community Centre in 1996, it had a total of 12 participating agencies. Currently it has 384 different participating agencies across Nottinghamshire who are able to provide data on reported racial incidents to the CMP. The number of agencies joining the Project increased each year and reached a peak in 2003.

In 2004, 30% of the participating agencies reported at least one incident. In 2005 this had increased to 32%. The vast majority of agencies have not had an incident reported to them or recorded by them and thus not passed on racial incident forms to the CMP.

Since 1996 the CMP has inputted over 12,000 racial incidents and a database has been developed that can analyse data by a range of variables. The number of agencies is dominated by two sectors, Police and Education. They account for nearly 85% of all participating agencies and 93% of all agencies recording and reporting incidents to the CMP.

The stated aims of the CMP are to:

- Provide a comprehensive picture of racist incidents in Nottinghamshire
- Enable the statutory and voluntary agencies to improve their responses by providing reliable information on the level and pattern of attacks
- Give the minority ethnic communities confidence that racist attacks and harassment are being tackled effectively

### Views from the Steering Group

The Steering Group felt there was a need to re-energise the Project, identify the benefits of the Project, be more strategic in information giving, develop an approach to how the CMP can influence local support and prevention work and involve and engage with partners (active and inactive agencies) to ensure that there is a cycle of reporting, recording, relevant and strategic data dissemination, feedback and change and responses that can be evidenced.

However, it was recognised that not all sectors are fully engaged with the Project; the number of reported incidents were declining from certain sectors; there was a pressing need to offer useable and relevant information to the sectors from the data collected.

CMP was also seen as weak in holding agencies to account for their lack of involvement and levels of returns of recorded racist incidents. There was agreement that a rolling programme of training and information about the Project was required. However, how this training and awareness raising is developed was not clear particularly with the recognition that the CMP was run by only one worker with no day to day support. There was limited recognition from the steering group about funding issues.

### Views from Participating agencies

A postal survey was sent to all 130 active agencies (defined as returning reported racial incidents to the CMP in the previous year) with 56 returned. Telephone contact was made with a sample of the non-active agencies (defined as not making any reports to CMP in the previous year). A total of 41 agencies were contacted and 12 completed a telephone interview.

The main output from the CMP is an annual report that is sent to all participating agencies. Only 58% said they had received an annual report. Some said they did not use the annual report because it offered no guidance on how to deal with the range of issues that emerge in relation to challenging racist incidents. Others said that the Annual Report from CMP enabled:

- Keeping a focus on challenging racism and racism awareness
- Improvement in practice in challenging racist incidents
- Assessment of policy and procedures and benchmarking

The majority of participating agencies felt that the CMP was not effective in helping agencies to reduce racist incidents and suggested potential areas for improvement:

- Developing and delivering training and learning workshops and information
- Information/toolkits to improve practice in working with perpetrators, victims and within schools and communities
- Up to date knowledge on developing practice
- Increasing the profile and awareness of CMP
- Regular methods of contact that provides knowledge and information relevant to the sector.

The vast majority of incidents inputted by the CMP come from the Police and schools. There is a need to expand the project into the minority ethnic voluntary sector, faith groups, the voluntary and community sector more generally and housing providers. There is also a need to update the whole database of contacts and have email addresses of key contacts so that information can be sent via email.

## **Future Models for CMP**

It is clear that the CMP is a useful project that collects reported incidents from agencies across the County. The CMP benefits from commitment and energy from the officer in charge of inputting the data, offering training to reporting sites and writing annual reports and brief reports to the various race awareness forums. However, this review identifies that the future of the CMP is not sustainable as it stands. The demands from participating agencies for more information, guidance and support from the CMP cannot be offered within the existing one officer model.

For the CMP to be able to meet the challenge of this review it cannot continue as a single officer project. It is suggested that the steering group of the CMP consider the following:-

### **Model 1: Single Officer Project**

Continue as normal. However, this is not sustainable and the officer is unable to fulfil all the demands made by the agencies and data that is coming into the CMP. It would be exceptionally difficult to respond to the recommendations and implications arising from this review.

### **Model 2: Expand the CMP by recruiting an assistant officer**

To achieve the above the CMP requires an expansion of funding from its core funders and contributions from local authorities within the County. However, this would require at the very least the bringing together of key decision makers within each local authority and highlighting what have been the successes of the CMP, how it fits with various legislative and policy drivers, what are the benefits to the local authority. This approach may require the CMP co-ordinator freezing current activities within the CMP, concentrating for at least 3 months on bringing the various decision-makers together and developing a robust business plan and related documentation for them.

### **Model 3: Expand the Project into a resourced Hate Incidents Prevention Project**

The review suggests that the CMP could expand as a better resourced service offering a range of products. Given the CMP will be moving towards Hate Incident recording, and the review indicates that an expansion of activities is required this is an option worth considering.

An expanded service could benefit from at least 2 new posts - Training and Information Officer and a Racist (Hate) Incident Service Development/Support Officer. These posts would offer direct services to the agencies and with the Development and Data Manager (expansion of the current co-ordinator role) offer a robust service that responds to a need to ensure that the improvements are made by agencies in how they respond to racist (hate) incidents and increasing confidence within minority communities that incidents are dealt with and services do respond. Development of any new posts would need to be seen as a part of a wider NNREC review so that there is no overlap with existing work.

For this model to be successful funding is required over initially at least a three year period. Current potential funding bodies would include the existing funding bodies (as discussed in Model 2), Comic Relief (who continue to fund projects working on racist harassment), Big Lottery, J P Getty Trust, Joseph Rowntree Charitable Trust. All of these funding agencies have a track record of funding projects related to anti-racism.

For this to be successful it is imperative that the CMP freezes current activities and concentrates its resources on writing a robust business plan, talking and encouraging existing funding bodies to expand their support, encouraging other local authorities to support financially the CMP and finally, talking to and writing bids for a whole service to new national funding bodies.

In summary, the project appears to be collecting strong data in its area of focus and some agencies (particularly schools) make use of this data. We consider the focus of the data collection could be widened to include many of the suggestions made by agencies in this report and also to include data on responses and outcomes for both victims and perpetrators (even if it is to say no further action was taken). The project also requires a comprehensive, pro-active and positive dissemination strategy which clearly profiles the work of the CMP in the delivery of training, support, direct work and other activities and a robust business plan and funding strategy.

**The Steering Group have agreed that a Business Plan will be prepared to reflect Model 3 of the evaluation report.**

## **Legal Duties**

The Race Relations Amendment Act 2000 placed place a general duty on specified public bodies to promote race equality. It further specifies preparation of a race equality scheme and monitoring performance which includes reporting and recording of racist incidents.

During the year the Common Monitoring Project, working with the Police and Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Racial Equality Council, have carried out fourteen training seminars to assist organisations meet their statutory obligations in respect of reporting and recording incidents. We know there is still more work to do to get the message across and raise awareness. We ask senior management in all public bodies to examine their policies and procedures to ensure that they are meeting legal requirements and where necessary to seek the assistance of the Common Monitoring Project for staff training.

## **Ethnic Origins**

There is need to review how we record ethnic origin. This is particularly relevant now where we have a large, non-visible, ethnic minority of Eastern European migrant workers. Our current recording methods cannot fully identify these groups.

A common standard for all agencies is the way forward and this issue will be raised during the coming year.

## Introduction

The Common Monitoring Project is a multi-agency initiative designed to improve the response to racist attacks and harassment in Nottinghamshire.

It is intended to: -

- \* provide a comprehensive picture of racist incidents in Nottinghamshire.
- \* enable the statutory and voluntary agencies to improve their response by providing reliable information on the level and pattern of attacks.
- \* give the minority ethnic communities confidence that racist attacks and harassment are being tackled effectively.

The effect of racist attacks and harassment is wider than the effect on the direct victims. Racism, and the possibility of being attacked, threatens the quality of life of whole communities. It is beholden on the relevant agencies to provide support to the victims and deal with the offenders in a way which makes it clear that racist behaviour is unacceptable and will not be condoned.

The Project, now in its eleventh year, is an initiative to collect and analyse data on racist incidents in the county. It is jointly funded by Nottingham City Council and Nottinghamshire County Council. It is demonstrating that, by agencies and communities working together, the threat of racist attacks and harassment can be challenged and all the communities in Nottinghamshire live in harmony.

This annual report provides a brief overview of County/City statistics followed by a more in depth look at each local authority area and concludes with an analysis of court proceedings and incidents in schools.

## Data/Information Presented

Information for this report was collected from the participating agencies during 2006 and the first five months of 2007. Since that time other information may have become available but cannot be included in this report.

Information presented concerning Police detection rates for 2006-7 reflect the situation at the end of May 2007. Since that time further crimes may have been detected resulting in improvements in the detection rates shown in this report.

**Copies of this report are available in other formats and languages on request.**

**Copies of this report are available in black and white.**

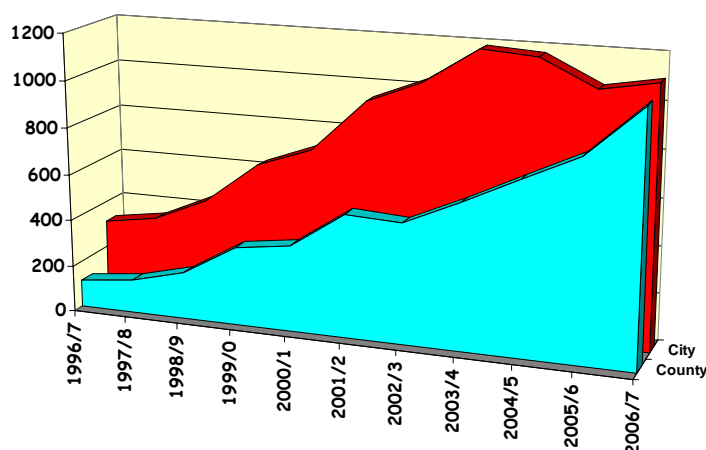
## Racist Incidents Reported per Year

Year	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Total
2005/6	203	163	142	230	166	141	149	159	118	144	134	159	1908
2006/7	158	175	190	190	136	233	150	185	164	235	168	189	2173

**Total racist incidents reported in 2006/7 - 2173.** This is an increase of over 12% on the number of racist incidents reported during 2005/6. It includes 1565 incidents of verbal racist abuse, 266 physical assaults, 201 instances of criminal damage, and other allegations such as racial harassment, threats, malicious phone calls, written material, graffiti, unpleasant substances, etc.

The chart to the right shows the number of racist incidents reported in the City and County during each financial year since 1996/7. Reported incidents in the County have increased by 19% and are now approaching the number reported in the City.

Racist Incident per Financial Year



## Racist Incident Local Authority

Local Authority	Number of Reported Incidents 2005/6	Number of Reported Incidents 2006/7	Percentage Change
Ashfield	108	118	8.4%
Bassetlaw	124	200	38%
Broxtowe	152	179	15.1%
Gedling	139	199	30.1%
Mansfield	125	178	29.8%
Newark & Sherwood	71	89	20.2%
Rushcliffe	129	105	-22.8%
Nottinghamshire	847	1068	20.7%
Nottingham City	1060	1105	4.1%

## Nottinghamshire Police

Police Response	2005/6	2006/7
Hate Incident Not a Crime	466	437
Total Police Crime Reports	886	1082

The number of non-crime incidents reported during 2006/7 reduced whilst reported crimes increased by 18%.

### Police Response to Crime Reports

Cautions/Reprimands/Final Warnings	2.8%	7.4%
Charged/Summons	29.9%	26.5%
Detected No Further Police Action	1.1%	0.5%
Not Detected	65.8%	64.7%
Penalty Notice	0.3%	0.9%

The detection rate for 2006/7 shows a small improvement.

### Number of alleged Offenders

Charged	278	273
Cautions/Reprimands/Final Warnings	28	92
Detected No Further Police Action	10	5
Penalty Notice	3	12

During 2006/7 the number of people charged with one or more offences remained about the same. Over three times as many people were 'Cautions/Reprimanded/Give Final Warnings' during 2006/7.

### Alleged Offender Occupation

Not Known	201	156
Unemployed	29	123
School Child	45	66
Construction		17
Student	8	14
Other Occupations	36	26

In 2006/7 over 30% of the alleged offenders gave their occupation as unemployed. This is much higher than the unemployment rate for the City and County.

## Ashfield

### Incidents per Month

2005/6 2006/7

April	13	13
May	2	5
June	5	7
July	8	10
August	3	11
September	8	10
October	10	8
November	4	22
December	14	7
January	13	11
February	14	8
March	14	6
<b>Total:</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>118</b>

Reported race related incidents have increased during 2006/7 by 8% when compared to 2005/6.

Each month an average of 9 to 10 incidents were reported. Nine of the incidents reported in November 2006 are from five different schools.

### Source of Incident Reports

2005/6 2006/7

Ashfield Homes	6	1
Nottinghamshire Library	1	0
Other Police Information	19	8
Nottinghamshire Police	80	94
County Schools	4	16
County Social Services	2	0

During 2006/7 incidents reports have only been received from County Schools, Ashfield Homes and the Police.

The number of incidents reported to the Police and by County Schools has increased.

### Electoral Wards Incidents Reported

2005/6 2006/7

Hucknall Central	6	5
Hucknall East	6	15
Hucknall North	4	5
Hucknall West	3	5
Jacksdale	0	3
Kirkby-in-Ashfield Central	0	6
Kirkby-in-Ashfield East	10	9
Kirkby-in-Ashfield West	6	10
Selston	8	7
Sutton-in-Ashfield Central	13	12
Sutton-in-Ashfield East	17	15
Sutton-in-Ashfield North	22	10
Sutton-in-Ashfield West	9	10
Underwood	3	4
Woodhouse	1	2

Hucknall East has seen reported incidents increase from 6 to 15 during 2006/7. Five of the incidents relate to a place of worship.

Incidents reported in Sutton-in-Ashfield have fallen from 61 to 47 during 2006/7. Fewer incidents were reported at the victim's home, shops, restaurants/takeaways and on the streets.

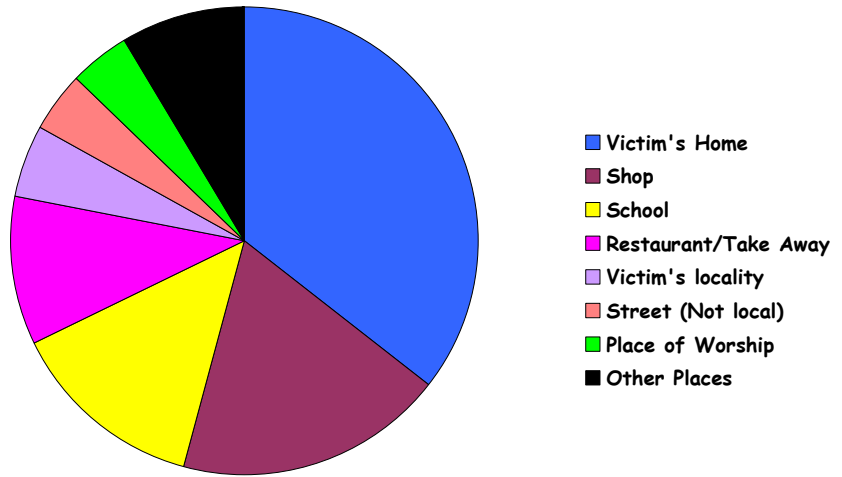
Incidents in Kirkby-in-Ashfield have increased from 16 to 25 with an additional nine incidents reported to the Police.

# Ashfield

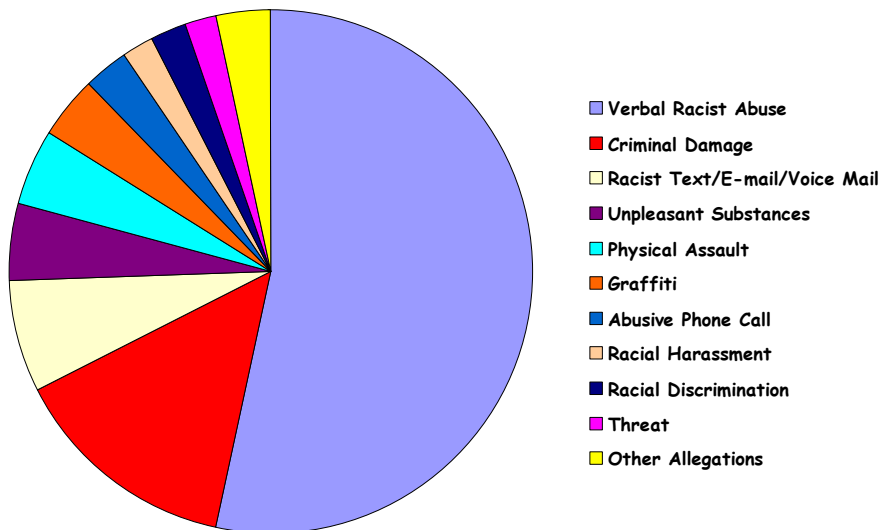
The place where incidents have been reported to have occurred has remained similar during 2006/7. 40% of incidents have occurred at or near the home of the victim and shops/restaurants/take aways continue to be a target with 34 incidents reported during 2006/7.

Incidents reported by schools have increased with six different schools reporting one or more incidents during 2006/7.

**Place Incidents Reported 2006/7**



**Allegations Made 2006/7**



Verbal racist abuse continues to be the primary allegation and was alleged in 67% of incidents during 2006/7.

Incidents of criminal damage have increased. Three incidents relate to a place of worship. There is no pattern to the other eighteen reported incident of criminal damage.

## Ashfield

The victims of racist incidents came from thirteen different ethnic groups during 2006/7 compared to sixteen during 2005/6.

The number of Indian and Pakistani victims has increased. There has also been an increase in those classified 'Other White' of which some are known to be Eastern European migrant workers.

33% of the victims suffered repeat victimisation during 2006/7. Half of the repeat victims worked in shops, restaurants or fast food outlets.

### Victim Origin

	2005/6	2006/7
Asian: Indian	15	23
White: British	15	14
Asian: Pakistani	4	11
White: Other White	3	10
Asian: Other Asian	3	9
Black: Caribbean	3	8
Black: African	3	6
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	6	5
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	5	4
Not Recorded	3	3
No Specific Victim	1	3
Mixed: White and Asian	4	2
Other Group: Middle East	5	2
Other Groups	10	0

### Victim Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	24	31
Female	Juvenile	4	5
Male	Adult	45	49
Male	Juvenile	4	12
Not known	Adult	1	3
Not known	Juvenile	2	0

### Offender Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	7	8
Female	Juvenile	6	9
Male	Adult	31	38
Male	Juvenile	35	59
Not known	Adult	44	43
Not known	Juvenile	2	0

### Offender Origin

	2005/6	2006/7
White: British	74	110
Not Known	46	44
Not Recorded	4	3
Black: Caribbean	1	0

Nearly 70% of alleged offenders in 2006/7 are known to be White: British and there are no details for 30% of the alleged offenders.

Eight people are known to have repeat offended during 2006/7 compared to five during 2005/6.

The proportion of female and male alleged offenders has remained about the same over the two periods.

The proportion of alleged juvenile male offenders has increased from 28% to 38% in 2006/7. This change is in part due to the increased number of reported incidents from schools.

The majority of victims for both periods are in the age range age range 18 years to 53 years. 36% of victims are known to be female in 2006/7 similar to 2005/6.

17% of the victims are juveniles during 2006/7.

## Ashfield

The number of non-crime incidents reported during 2006/7 fell whereas the number of crimes reported increased by 17.

The detected rate has fallen from 18% to 14% in 2006/7 but this may improve if additional incidents are detected.

### Police Response

#### Police Non-Crime

	2005/6	2006/7
Hate Incident Not A Crime	36	32

#### Police Crime Report Totals

	44	61
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#### Police Response to Crime

Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning	0.0%	3.3%
Charged/Summons	18.2%	9.8%
Detected No Further Police Action	0.0%	0.0%
Not Detected	81.8%	86.9%
Penalty Notice for Crime	0.0%	0.0%

### Charges Prosecuted

	2005/6	2006/7
Homicide		
Other Assault	1	1
Other Damage		
Other Harassment		
Other	1	
Other Public Order		
RA Public Order	2	5
RA Assault		
RA Damage		
RA Harassment		
Theft Act		

The majority of cases prosecuted during 2006/7 were for Racially Aggravated Public Order Offences.

All charges prosecuted during 2006/7 were proven.

### Outcome of Cases

	2005/6	2006/7
Bind Over		
Community Sentence		1
Custodial Sentence		
Deferred Sentence		
Discharge		
Fine		2
Other	3	3
Bound over without trial		
Not Guilty	1	

### Reason for Not Prosecuting

	2005/6	2006/7
Witness fails to attend	1	
Witness refuses to give evidence	1	
Other insufficient evidence	1	1
Public Interest	2	1
Written Off/Other		

## Bassetlaw

### Incidents per Month

2005/6 2006/7

April	8	8
May	7	14
June	7	13
July	12	14
August	10	14
September	17	21
October	9	19
November	13	23
December	7	16
January	8	17
February	14	17
March	12	24
<b>Total:</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>200</b>

Reported race related incidents have increased during 2006/7 by 37% when compared to 2005/6.

An additional 36 incidents were reported to the Police during 2006/7 and reports from schools nearly trebled.

### Source of Incident Reports

2005/6 2006/7

Nottinghamshire Library Services	0	1
Other Police Information	12	17
Private Individual	0	1
Nottinghamshire Police	95	131
County Schools	18	50

### Electoral Wards Incidents Reported

2005/6 2006/7

Beckingham	0	0
Blyth	0	1
Carlton (Bassetlaw)	1	3
Clayworth	0	2
East Markham	2	1
East Retford East	7	17
East Retford North	4	4
East Retford South	3	0
East Retford West	5	9
Everton	0	1
Harworth	5	12
Langold	1	3
Misterton	0	1
Rampton	1	0
Ranskill	0	1
Sturton	0	1
Sutton	0	3
Tuxford & Trent	7	3
Welbeck	2	3
Worksop East	7	8
Worksop North	4	14
Worksop North East	5	11
Worksop North West	12	20
Worksop South	31	41
Worksop South East	27	41

The increase in reported incidents primarily occurred in the Worksop Wards, East Retford East and Harworth.

# Bassetlaw

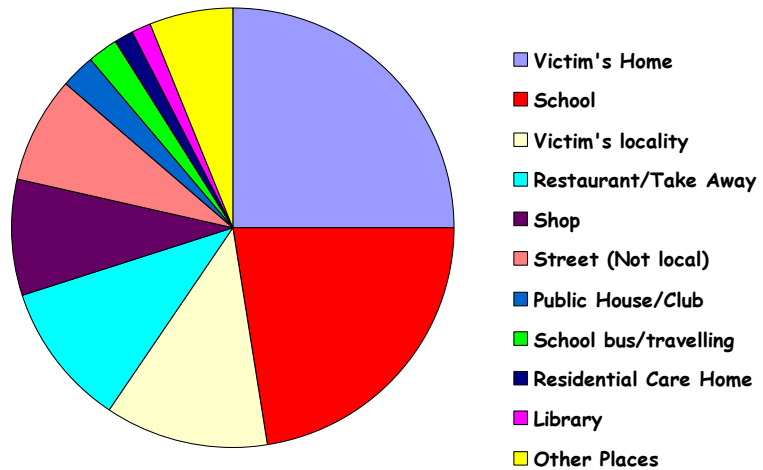
Incidents reported at or near the victim's home and in schools have more than doubled during 2006/7.

Incidents reported at shops/restaurant/take aways have fallen slightly and now represent a smaller proportion of the total incidents.

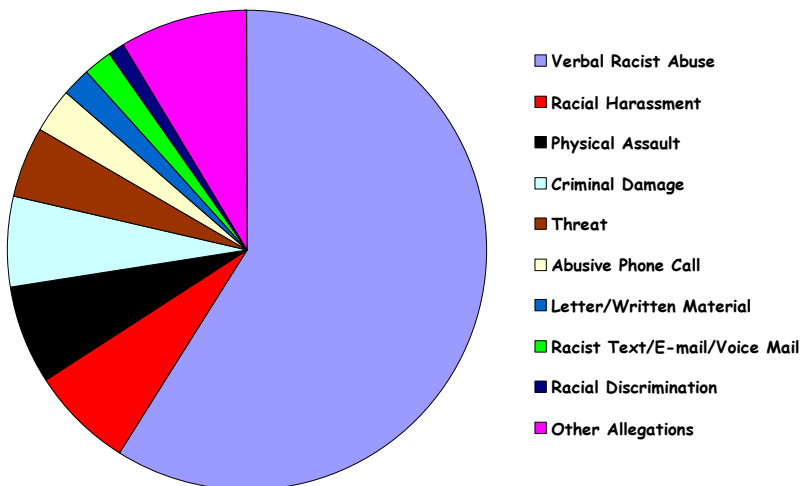
One shop reported six incidents during 2006/7 the last being in October 2006.

Fourteen different restaurant/takeaways reported incidents with four reporting more than one incident during 2006/7.

**Place Incidents Reported 2006/7**



**Allegations Made 2006/7**



Verbal racist abuse was alleged in 74% of incident during 2006/7 compared to 67% of incidents in 2005/6.

Most other allegations have increased in number which is to be expected with additional incidents being reported.

## Bassetlaw

### Victim Origin

The victims of racist incidents came from fourteen different ethnic groups during 2006/7 compared to thirteen during 2005/6.

'Other White' victims have increased from 9 to 37 in 2006/7. 26 of these victims are known to be Eastern European migrant workers (mainly Polish).

There are also increases in the number of White: British, Black Caribbean and Pakistani victims.

33% of the victims suffered repeat victimisation during 2006/7.

Female and male victims in the age range 18 years to 35 years have increased.

With more incidents reported in schools the number of male juvenile victims has increased.

	2005/6	2006/7
White: Other White	9	37
White: British	15	25
Not Recorded	7	18
Black: Caribbean	6	14
Asian: Pakistani	7	12
Black: African	6	9
Asian: Indian	8	7
Other Group: Middle East	8	7
Asian: Other Asian	5	6
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	4	6
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	5	5
Mixed: White and Asian	3	4
No Specific Victim	5	4
Mixed: White and Black African	2	3
Not Known	1	3
Other Group: Other Ethnic Group	0	2
Traveller	0	1
Refused to Provide	2	0
Mixed: Other Mixed	1	0

### Victim Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	17	34
Female	Juvenile	10	11
Male	Adult	57	85
Male	Juvenile	6	25
Not known	Adult	4	7
Not known	Juvenile	0	1

### Offender Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	12	14
Female	Juvenile	14	17
Male	Adult	45	94
Male	Juvenile	36	96
Not known	Adult	24	37
Not known	Juvenile	30	2

### Offender Origin

Over 83% of the alleged offenders are known to be White: British.

13% of the alleged offenders are known to have repeat offended during 2006/7.

The number of female alleged offenders has remained about the same.

Alleged male offenders, particularly juveniles have increase significantly.

	2005/6	2006/7
White: British	124	215
Not Known	27	37
White: Other White	0	2
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	0	2
Not Recorded	8	1
Other Group: Middle East	0	1
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	0	1
Black: African	0	1
Black: Caribbean	1	0
Asian: Asian	1	0

## Bassetlaw

### Police Response

#### Police Non-Crime

Reported non-crime incidents increased slightly.

The number of reported crimes has increased by 28. The detection rate in 2006/7 has fallen by 9% but this may improve if additional incidents are detected. More incidents were finalised by a Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning.

	2005/6	2006/7
Hate Incident Not A Crime	27	34
<b>Police Crime Report Totals</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>97</b>
<b>Police Response to Crime</b>		
Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning	4.4%	8.2%
Charged/Summons	44.1%	29.9%
Detected No Further Police Action	1.5%	1.0%
Not Detected	50.0%	59.8%
Penalty Notice for Crime	0.0%	1.0%

### Charges Prosecuted

	2005/6	2006/7
Homicide		
Other Assault		
Other Damage	1	
Other Harassment		
Other		1
Other Public Order	2	
RA Public Order	3	13
RA Assault		
RA Damage		
RA Harassment	1	
Theft Act		

The majority of cases prosecuted during 2006/7 were for Racially Aggravated Public Order offences. All were proved in court.

### Outcome of Cases

	2005/6	2006/7
Bind Over		
Community Sentence	3	4
Custodial Sentence	1	
Deferred Sentence		
Discharge	1	1
Fine	2	8
Other		1
Bound over without trial		
Not Guilty		

### Reason for Not Prosecuting

	2005/6	2006/7
Witness fails to attend	2	
Witness refuses to give evidence		
Other insufficient evidence		3
Public Interest		
Written Off/Other	2	4

## Broxtowe

### Incidents per Month

Reported race related incidents have increased during 2006/7 by 8% when compared to 2005/6.

The higher number of incidents reported during June and July 2006 results from the provision of a victim incident log by Broxtowe Borough Council.

	2005/6	2006/7
April	11	7
May	8	4
June	11	28
July	17	26
August	10	11
September	11	11
October	16	12
November	20	18
December	14	12
January	19	24
February	8	11
March	7	15
<b>Total:</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>179</b>

### Source of Incident Reports

	2005/6	2006/7
Local Authority	5	39
Other Police Information	14	5
Nottinghamshire Police	131	104
County Schools	7	37

Incidents were reported by schools, Broxtowe Borough Council and the Police.

Incidents reported to the Police decreased by 26%.

### Electoral Wards Incidents Reported

	2005/6	2006/7
Attenborough	2	3
Awsorth	2	0
Beeston Central	5	15
Beeston North	10	22
Beeston Rylands	9	3
Beeston West	15	9
Bramcote	14	20
Brinsley	0	1
Chilwell East	14	0
Chilwell West	10	13
Cossall & Kimberley	10	8
Eastwood North & Greasley	5	0
Eastwood South	10	10
Greasley (Giltbrook & Newthorpe)	8	2
Nuthall East & Strelley	6	7
Nuthall West & Greasley (Watnall)	2	0
Stapleford North	5	2
Stapleford South East	3	7
Stapleford South West	11	13
Toton & Chilwell Meadows	9	43
Trowell	4	1

No incidents were reported in four Wards during 2006/7.

The victim incident log provided by Broxtowe Borough Council accounts for the high number of incidents in Toton & Chilwell Meadows Ward.

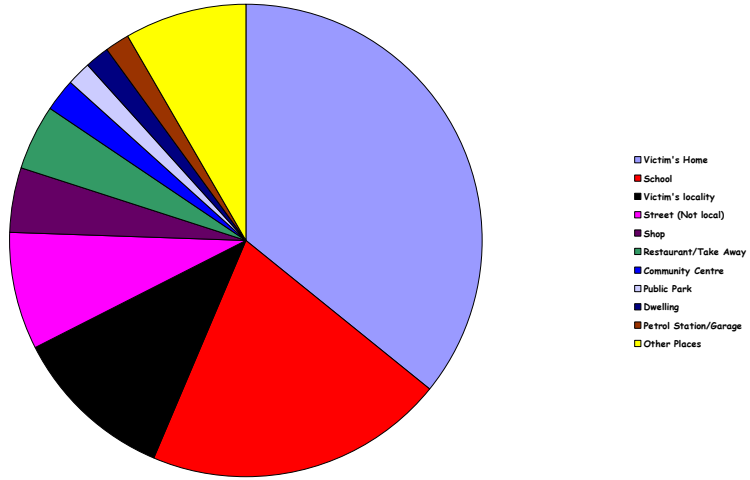
# Broxtowe

Incidents reported by schools have increased from 7 to 22 in 2006/7.

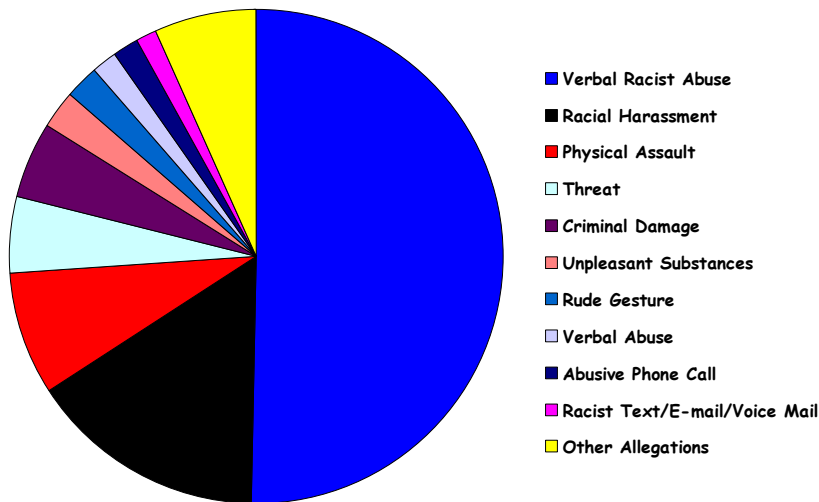
There is a small increase in incidents reported at or near the victim's home.

Incidents reported at restaurants/takeaways have decreased.

**Place Incidents Reported 2006/7**



**Allegations Made 2006/7**



Racist verbal abuse is the primary allegation and in 2006/7 it was alleged in 63% of incidents.

Incidents of racial harassment have more than doubled.

Fewer incidents of assault, criminal damage, abusive phone calls and graffiti have been reported during 2006/7.

## Broxtowe

The victims of racist incidents came from sixteen different ethnic groups during 2006/7 compared to fourteen during 2005/6.

There has been an increase in Pakistani victims.

There are fewer victims during 2006/7 from the Oriental/Chinese community.

During 2006/7, 29% of victims are female, 69% male and the gender is not known for 2%.

30% of victims are juveniles.

22% of the victims suffered repeat victimisation during 2006/7.

## Victim Origin

	2005/6	2006/7
White: British	26	31
Asian: Pakistani	15	23
Not Recorded	3	18
Asian: Indian	16	15
Black: Caribbean	11	11
White: Other White	8	10
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	6	7
Other Group: Middle East	6	6
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	13	5
Asian: Other Asian	5	3
Asian: Bangladeshi	1	3
Other Group: Other Ethnic Group	0	3
White: Irish	1	2
Mixed: White and Asian	2	1
Black: African	3	1
Mixed: Other Mixed	0	1
Mixed: White and Black African	0	1
No Specific Victim	8	1
Refused to Provide	3	1
Other Groups	12	0

## Victim Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	45	29
Female	Juvenile	5	15
Male	Adult	65	62
Male	Juvenile	13	35
Not known	Adult	11	2

## Offender Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	6	17
Female	Juvenile	3	19
Male	Adult	61	55
Male	Juvenile	68	88
Not known	Adult	50	31
Not known	Juvenile	2	0

## Offender Origin

	2005/6	2006/7
White: British	82	110
Not Known	95	76
Not Recorded	5	13
Black: Caribbean	2	3
Black: African	0	2
Asian: Pakistani	1	2
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	1	1
Other Group: Other Ethnic Group	0	1
Asian: Other Asian	0	1
Asian: Bangladeshi	0	1
White: Other White	1	0
White: Irish	1	0
Black: Other Black	1	0
Asian: Indian	1	0

During 2006/7, 83% of alleged offenders are known to be White: British. There are no details for 14% of the alleged offenders and 3% are from minority ethnic communities.

9% of the alleged offenders repeat offended during 2006/7.

During 2006/7, 67% of alleged offenders are known to be male and 17% female.

39% of alleged offenders are known to be male juveniles.

## Broxtowe

The number of crimes and non-crime incidents reported to the Police during 2006/7 has fallen. The detection rate during 2006/7 has increased to nearly 39%.

### Police Response

#### Police Non-Crime

	2005/6	2006/7
Hate Incident Not A Crime	45	37

#### Police Crime Report Totals

	86	67
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#### Police Response to Crime

Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning	5.8%	10.4%
Charged/Summons	20.9%	26.9%
Detected No Further Police Action	0.0%	0.0%
Not Detected	73.3%	61.2%
Penalty Notice for Crime	0.0%	1.5%

### Charges Prosecuted

2005/6 2006/7

Homicide		
Other Assault		
Other Damage		
Other Harassment		
Other	1	
Other Public Order		1
RA Public Order	2	7
RA Assault		2
RA Damage		
RA Harassment		
Theft Act		1

The majority of charges prosecuted during 2006/7 were for racially aggravated offences.

### Outcome of Cases

2005/6 2006/7

Bind Over		
Community Sentence	1	2
Custodial Sentence	1	5
Deferred Sentence		
Discharge		1
Fine		3
Other	1	
Bound over without trial		
Not Guilty		

No charges were dropped during either period.

## Gedling

Reported race related incidents have increased during 2006/7 by 30% when compared to 2005/6.

A series of silent calls and text messages over a three day period accounts for over half the incidents reported during September 2006 and in January 2007, ten incidents relate to bogus phone calls for food to a takeaway premises.

## Incidents per Month

	2005/6	2006/7
April	17	14
May	12	18
June	6	19
July	10	13
August	15	13
September	13	39
October	12	8
November	10	12
December	16	11
January	9	31
February	8	12
March	11	9
<b>Total:</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>199</b>

## Source of Incident Reports

	2005/6	2006/7
Nottingham City Homes	5	0
Local Authority	3	3
Criminal Justice Agencies	0	1
Other Police Information	2	38
Nottinghamshire Police	104	134
City Schools	4	8
County Schools	21	14
County Social Services	0	2
Voluntary Groups	3	1

During 2006/7 incidents have been reported by City and County Schools, Social Services, CPS and the Police.

Incidents reported to the Police have increased including 'Other Police Information' related to repeated phone calls and text messages.

## Electoral Wards Incidents Reported

	2005/6	2006/7
Bestwood Village	2	1
Bonington	13	16
Burton Joyce & Stoke Bardolph	1	2
Calverton	15	7
Carlton (Gedling)	16	15
Carlton Hill	20	10
Daybrook	6	14
Gedling	2	5
Killisick	1	4
Kingswell	2	6
Lambley	0	1
Mapperley Plains	13	36
Netherfield & Colwick	11	16
Newstead	6	26
Phoenix	2	12
Porchester	3	4
Ravenshead	1	0
St James	4	1
St Marys	3	8
Valley	11	5
Woodborough	2	0
Woodthorpe	5	10

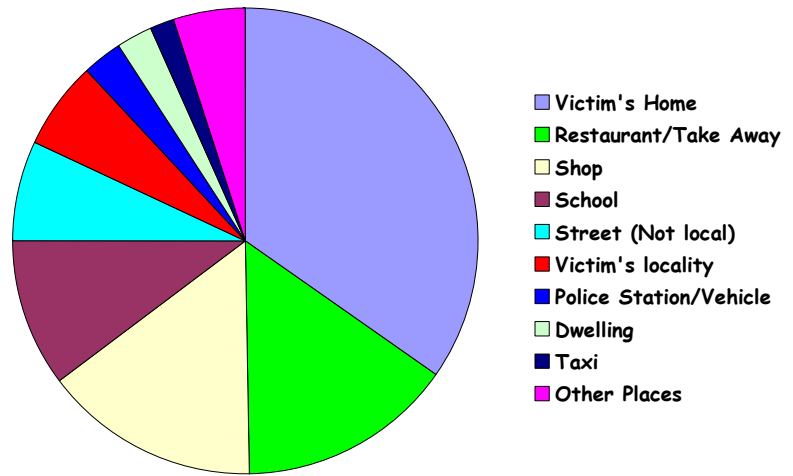
The increase in incidents in 'Mapperley Plains Ward' is related to the series of racist text messages.

There has also been a significant increase in incidents in 'Newstead Ward'. One offender has been charged with four separate offences, one cautioned and one reprimanded.

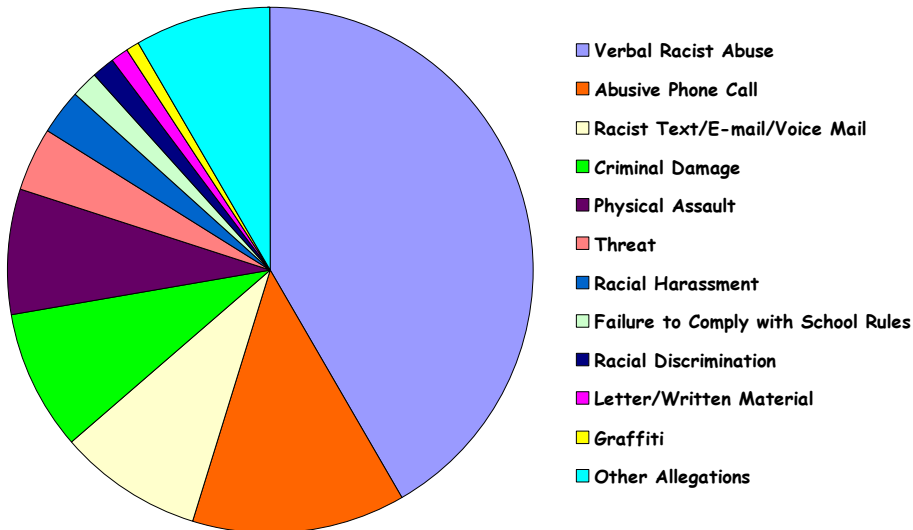
Place Incidents Reported 2006/7

The number of incidents reported at the victim's home more than doubled during 2006/7.

There has also been a large increase in incidents reported at 'Restaurants/Takeaway' premises. Twenty-three of the reported incident occurred at two locations.



Allegations Made 2006/7



The increase in 'abusive phone calls' and 'racist text messages' have already been noted.

Allegations of assaults have more than doubled during 2006/7. Over half of the assault occurred in shops and restaurant/takeaway premises.

## Gedling

The victims of racist incidents came from fifteen different ethnic groups during 2006/7.

There have been increases in the number of Pakistani victim and 'Other White' victims.

35% of victims suffered repeat victimisation during 2006/7 compared to 23% of victim in 2005/6.

In 2006/7, 35% of victims are female, 62% male and no gender information is known for 3%. The number of male adult victims has increased.

### Victim Origin

	2005/6	2006/7
Asian: Pakistani	19	31
Asian: Indian	23	24
White: British	21	21
Not Recorded	14	19
Black: Caribbean	11	16
White: Other White	5	11
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	3	6
Asian: Other Asian	2	4
No Specific Victim	9	3
Mixed: White and Asian	1	2
Refused to Provide	4	2
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	9	2
Black: African	2	2
Black: Other Black	0	1
Other Group: Middle East	4	1
Other Group: Other Ethnic Group	0	1
Not Known	1	1
White: Irish	0	1
Mixed: Other Mixed	1	0

### Victim Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	39	42
Female	Juvenile	10	10
Male	Adult	48	79
Male	Juvenile	17	13
Not known	Adult	15	4

### Offender Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	12	14
Female	Juvenile	12	15
Male	Adult	36	60
Male	Juvenile	82	69
Not known	Adult	43	44
Not known	Juvenile	5	1

### Offender Origin

	2005/6	2006/7
White: British	77	98
Not Known	90	74
Not Recorded	9	10
Black: Caribbean	2	9
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	3	4
Asian: Pakistani	0	3
Asian: Indian	1	2
White: Other White	0	1
Mixed: White and Black African	0	1
Asian: Other Asian	0	1
Mixed: Other Mixed	1	0
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	5	0
Black: Other Black	2	0

In 2006/7 no information is known for over 36% of the alleged offenders.

Where origin is known, nearly 48% are White: British and 10% are from minority ethnic groups.

11% of alleged offenders are known to have repeat offended during 2006/7 compared to 7% during 2005/6.

## Gedling

The number of reported non-crime incidents has fallen and reported crimes have doubled.

The detection rate for 2006/7 has fallen by 9%.

### Police Response

#### Police Non-Crime

	2005/6	2006/7
Hate Incident Not A Crime	54	34

#### Police Crime Report Totals

	50	100
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#### Police Response to Crime

Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning	6.0%	8.0%
Charged/Summons	34.0%	23.0%
Detected No Further Police Action	0.0%	0.0%
Not Detected	60.0%	69.0%
Penalty Notice for Crime	0.0%	0.0%

### Charges Prosecuted

	2005/6	2006/7
Homicide		
Other Assault	1	
Other Damage		
Other Harassment	1	
Other		
Other Public Order		
RA Public Order	3	4
RA Assault	3	1
RA Damage	1	
RA Harassment	1	
Theft Act		

All cases prosecuted during 2006/7 were for racially aggravated offences.

### Outcome of Cases

	2005/6	2006/7
Bind Over		
Community Sentence	3	2
Custodial Sentence	1	
Deferred Sentence		
Discharge	1	1
Fine	1	
Other	1	1
Bound over without trial		
Not Guilty	3	1

### Reason for Not Prosecuting

	2005/6	2006/7
Witness fails to attend		
Witness refuses to give evidence		
Other insufficient evidence		2
Public Interest	2	1
Written Off/Other		

## Mansfield

Reported race related incidents have increased during 2006/7 by 28% when compared to 2005/6.

### Incidents per Month

	2005/6	2006/7
April	15	11
May	17	13
June	9	12
July	13	14
August	15	16
September	7	17
October	6	7
November	15	12
December	4	18
January	7	24
February	4	10
March	13	24
<b>Total:</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>178</b>

### Source of Incident Reports

	2005/6	2006/7
Local Authority	0	3
Other Police Information	5	18
Nottinghamshire Police	118	142
County Schools	3	16
County Social Services	1	0

During 2006/7 incidents were reported by Mansfield District Council, County Schools and the Police. The number of incidents reported to each increased.

### Electoral Wards Incidents Reported

	2005/6	2006/7
Berry Hill	0	2
Birklands	4	1
Broomhill	5	9
Cumberlands	1	6
Eakring	5	6
Forest Town East	11	4
Forest Town West	0	5
Grange Farm	0	2
Ladybrook	2	26
Leeming	2	2
Lindhurst	17	8
Meden	1	3
Oak Tree	9	5
Pleasley Hill	1	9
Portland	16	17
Priory	8	7
Ravensdale	20	39
Robin Hood	5	8
Sherwood (Mansfield)	18	19

Racist incidents were reported all wards during 2006/7.

Incidents in 'Ravensdale Ward' have increased. 40% of the incident occurred at restaurant/takeaway premises.

Fifteen of the incidents in 'Ladybrook Ward' concern one victim who received abusive phone calls over a four hour period.

# Mansfield

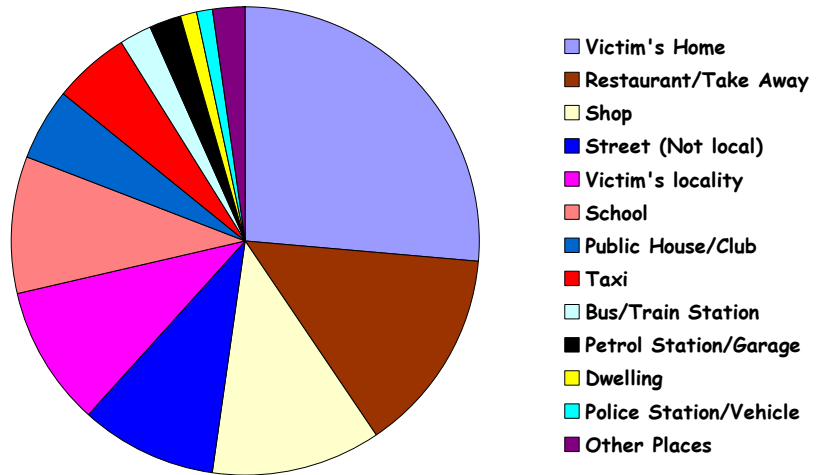
The number of incidents at the victim's home increased during 2006/7.

Incidents at restaurant /takeaways have also increased. During 2005/6, eight different premises reported incidents. During 2006/7, thirteen different premises reported incidents. Three premises reported incidents in both periods.

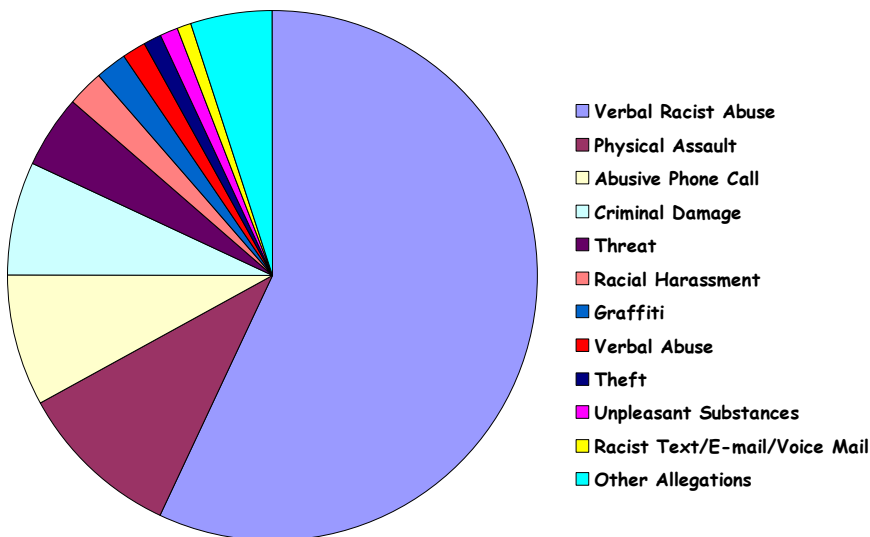
The number of incidents reported by schools also increased.

Reported incident in shops fell during 2006/7.

**Place Incidents Reported 2006/7**



**Allegations Made 2006/7**



Verbal racist abuse was alleged in over 69% of incidents during 2006/7.

Reported physical assaults have decreased during 2006/7.

# Mansfield

The victims of racist incidents came from fourteen different ethnic groups during 2006/7.

The number of 'Other White' victims has increased. Information regarding these victims is limited but five are known to be Eastern European migrant workers.

32% of victims suffered repeat victimisation during 2006/7 compared to 42% during 2005/6.

During 2006/7, 30% of victims are female, 67% male and no gender information is known for 3%.

## Victim Origin

	2005/6	2006/7
White: Other White	10	22
Asian: Indian	16	19
White: British	17	18
Not Recorded	9	17
Asian: Pakistani	7	15
Black: Caribbean	7	13
Asian: Bangladeshi	13	10
Other Group: Middle East	6	9
Asian: Other Asian	4	8
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	3	8
No Specific Victim	3	4
Mixed: Other Mixed	1	3
Asian: Asian	0	2
Black: African	3	2
Not Known	2	1
Refused to Provide	7	1
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	1	1
Black: Other Black	1	0
Mixed: White and Black African	1	0
White: Irish	2	0

## Victim Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	34	34
Female	Juvenile	5	12
Male	Adult	58	88
Male	Juvenile	12	14
Not known	Adult	4	3
Not known	Juvenile	0	2

## Offender Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	6	24
Female	Juvenile	6	9
Male	Adult	65	71
Male	Juvenile	37	43
Not known	Adult	36	34
Not known	Juvenile	5	1

## Offender Origin

	2005/6	2006/7
White: British	108	131
Not Known	37	38
Not Recorded	5	8
Other Group: Middle East	1	2
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	0	1
Black: Caribbean	1	1
Asian: Asian	1	1
Asian: Pakistani	1	0
Asian: Other Asian	1	0

During 2006/7 no information is known for 21% of the alleged offenders.

Where origin is known, 71% are 'White British' and 3% are from minority ethnic groups.

10% of alleged offenders are known to have repeat offended during 2006/7 compared to 11% during 2005/6.

# Mansfield

## Police Response

### Police Non-Crime

The number of reported non-crime incidents and reported crimes both increased.

The detected rates for both periods are similar with 'Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning' being used more often during 2006/7.

	2005/6	2006/7
Hate Incident Not A Crime	32	37
<b>Police Crime Report Totals</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>105</b>
<b>Police Response to Crime</b>		
Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning	2.3%	11.4%
Charged/Summons	34.9%	22.9%
Detected No Further Police Action	0.0%	0.0%
Not Detected	61.6%	63.8%
Penalty Notice for Crime	1.2%	1.9%

## Charges Prosecuted

2005/6    2006/7

Homicide		
Other Assault		
Other Damage		1
Other Harassment		
Other		
Other Public Order		
RA Public Order	5	8
RA Assault	1	
RA Damage		3
RA Harassment		
Theft Act		

The majority of cases prosecuted in 2006/7 were for racially aggravated offences.

## Outcome of Cases

	2005/6	2006/7
Bind Over		
Community Sentence	1	5
Custodial Sentence	1	
Deferred Sentence		
Discharge	1	
Fine	1	4
Other		2
Bound over without trial		
Not Guilty	2	1

## Reason for Not Prosecuting

	2005/6	2006/7
Witness fails to attend		1
Witness refuses to give evidence		
Other insufficient evidence		1
Public Interest		
Written Off/Other		

## Newark and Sherwood

### Incidents per Month

Reported race related incidents have increased during 2006/7 by 19% when compared to 2005/6.

During 2006/7 increased reports came from Nottinghamshire Police, schools and Newark and Sherwood District council.

	2005/6	2006/7
April	7	7
May	7	8
June	7	7
July	9	6
August	4	3
September	3	4
October	5	6
November	5	7
December	3	13
January	3	13
February	11	6
March	7	9
<b>Total:</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>89</b>

### Source of Incident Reports

	2005/6	2006/7
Local Authority	1	3
Criminal Justice Agencies	0	1
Other Police Information	3	4
Newark and Sherwood Homes	3	0
Nottinghamshire Police	61	72
County Schools	4	11
Voluntary Groups	0	1

### Electoral Wards Incidents Reported

During 2006/7, over 26% of incidents were reported in 'Castle Ward' and there has been an increase in incidents reported in 'Balderton North'.

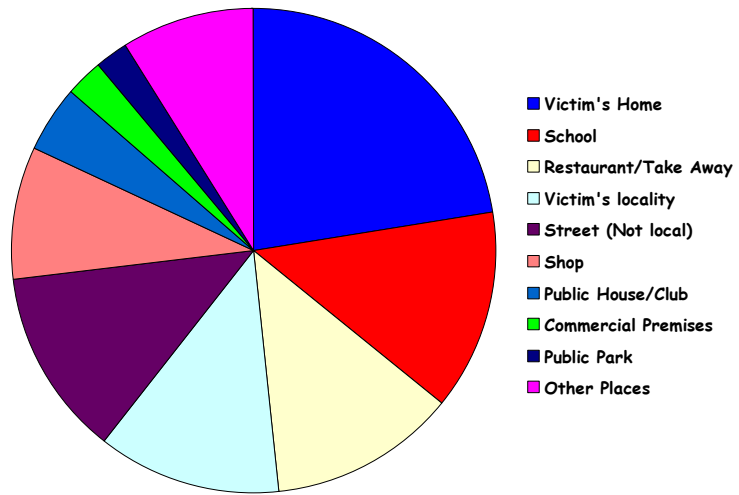
	2005/6	2006/7
Balderton North	2	9
Balderton West	3	2
Beacon	1	5
Bilsthorpe	3	3
Blidworth	1	3
Boughton	3	3
Bridge (Newark)	4	3
Castle	24	24
Caunton	1	1
Clipstone	0	1
Collingham & Meering	0	1
Devon	2	3
Edwinstowe	0	6
Farndon	0	1
Farnsfield	0	0
Lowdham	2	0
Magnus	11	6
Muskham	1	0
Ollerton	2	4
Rainworth	6	6
Southwell East	2	2
Southwell North	0	0
Southwell West	1	2
Sutton-on-Trent	1	2
Trent (N & S)	0	0
Winthorpe	1	2

# Newark and Sherwood

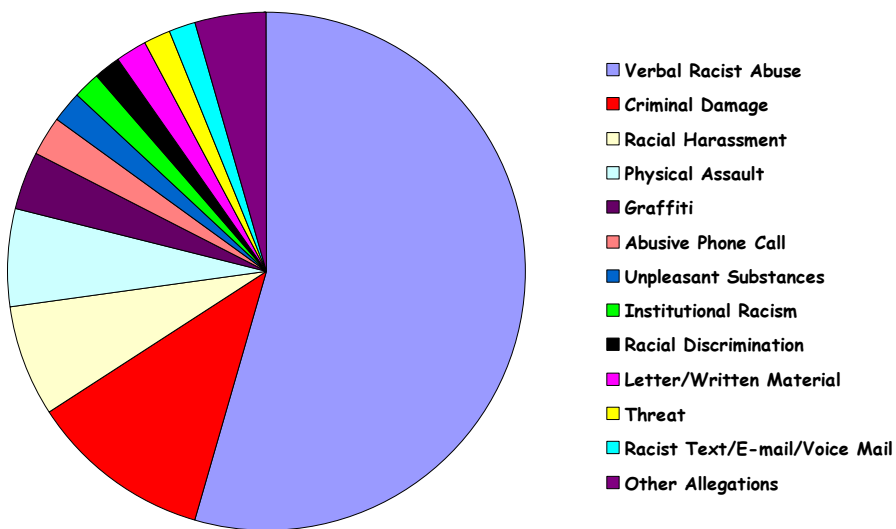
The number of reported incidents at the home of the victim, in shops or at restaurants/takeaway premises has remained about the same for both periods.

There has been an increase in reported incident in schools and on streets not near the home of the victim.

Place Incidents Reported 2006/7



Allegations Made 2006/7



Verbal racist abuse was alleged in over 69% of the incidents during 2006/7 compared to 81% of incidents during 2005/6.

Allegations of criminal damage have more than doubled and allegations of assault have nearly halved.

## Newark and Sherwood

### Victim Origin

The victims of racist incidents came from seventeen different ethnic groups during 2006/7.

'Other White' victims are now the largest group. Six of these are known to be Eastern European migrant workers.

27% of victims suffered repeat victimisation during both periods.

During 2006/7, 30% of victims are female, 67% male and no gender information is known for 2%.

	2005/6	2006/7
White: Other White	13	18
Black: Caribbean	4	10
Asian: Pakistani	2	6
Not Recorded	8	6
Asian: Indian	2	5
Asian: Other Asian	2	5
White: British	7	4
Asian: Bangladeshi	2	4
Mixed: White and Asian	2	3
No Specific Victim	1	3
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	6	3
Other Group: Middle East	3	2
Other Group: Other Ethnic Group	0	2
Gypsy	1	2
Mixed: White and Black African	1	2
Not Known	0	2
Traveller	2	2
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	3	1
Black: African	0	1
Refused to Provide	2	1
Mixed: Other Mixed	0	1
White: Irish	1	0

### Victim Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	17	19
Female	Juvenile	4	7
Male	Adult	32	44
Male	Juvenile	7	11
Not known	Adult	2	2

### Offender Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	6	13
Female	Juvenile	6	7
Male	Adult	28	30
Male	Juvenile	25	30
Not known	Adult	14	24
Not known	Juvenile	4	2

### Offender Origin

	2005/6	2006/7
White: British	59	71
Not Known	15	29
Not Recorded	4	4
Traveller	2	1
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	0	1
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	1	0
Black: Caribbean	2	0

During 2006/7 no information is known for 28% of the alleged offenders.

Where origin is known, 66% are 'White British' and 2% are from minority ethnic groups.

During 2006/7, 18% of alleged offenders are female, 56% male and no gender information is known for 25%.

## Newark and Sherwood

### Police Response

#### Police Non-Crime

Non-crime incidents reported during the two periods are similar.

The number of crimes recorded increased by 14 during 2006/7. The detection rates are the same for both periods but during 2006/7 'Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning' was used as the response more often.

	2005/6	2006/7
Hate Incident Not A Crime	22	19
<b>Police Crime Report Totals</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>53</b>
<b>Police Response to Crime</b>		
Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning	0.0%	17.0%
Charged/Summons	43.6%	24.5%
Detected No Further Police Action	0.0%	1.9%
Not Detected	56.4%	56.6%
Penalty Notice for Crime	0.0%	0.0%

### Charges Prosecuted

2005/6    2006/7

Homicide		
Other Assault		
Other Damage		
Other Harassment		
Other		
Other Public Order	2	1
RA Public Order	6	4
RA Assault	1	
RA Damage		
RA Harassment		
Theft Act		

Two of the charges finalised during 2006/7 were not proven.

### Outcome of Cases

	2005/6	2006/7
Bind Over		
Community Sentence		
Custodial Sentence	1	
Deferred Sentence		
Discharge	1	2
Fine	1	1
Other	2	
Bound over without trial		
Not Guilty	4	2

### Reason for Not Prosecuting

2005/6    2006/7

Witness fails to attend		
Witness refuses to give evidence		1
Other insufficient evidence		
Public Interest	1	
Written Off/Other		

## Rushcliffe

Reported race related incidents have decreased during 2006/7 by 24% when compared to 2005/6.

Reported incident from Nottinghamshire Police have decreased and there has been a small increase in reports from schools.

### Source of Incident Reports

	2005/6	2006/7
Local Authority	2	0
Other Police Information	6	11
Nottinghamshire Police	110	82
Rushcliffe Homes	1	0
City Schools	2	1
County Schools	7	12
County Social Services	5	0
Voluntary Groups	1	0

Reported incidents in 'Gamston Ward' have fallen from 39 during 2005/6 to 10 during 2006/7. This reduction is due to a victim moving from the area.

Incidents in 'Ruddington Ward' have increased. Eight of the incident relate to one victim.

### Incidents per Month

	2005/6	2006/7
April	12	9
May	8	10
June	17	12
July	17	13
August	11	2
September	6	10
October	10	8
November	8	6
December	4	8
January	10	6
February	17	10
March	9	11
<b>Total:</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>105</b>

### Electoral Wards Incidents Reported

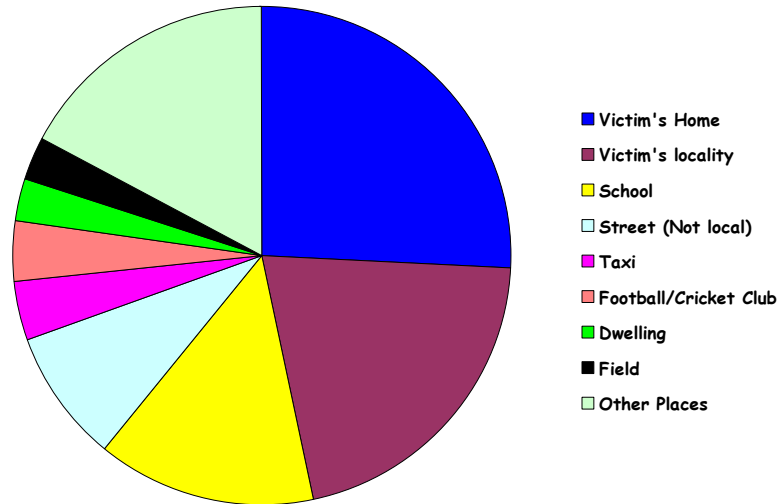
	2005/6	2006/7
Abbey	4	3
Bingham East	0	9
Bingham West	4	2
Compton Acres	4	4
Cotgrave	16	8
Cranmer	1	0
Edwalton Village	12	13
Gamston	39	10
Gotham	0	1
Keyworth North	0	1
Keyworth South	2	3
Lady Bay	0	3
Leake	3	1
Lutterell	10	8
Manvers	1	2
Melton	7	4
Musters	3	5
Nevile	0	0
Oak	0	1
Ruddington	1	11
Soar Valley	1	3
Stanford	1	0
Thoroton	0	0
Tollerton	0	2
Trent (Rushcliffe)	2	6
Trent Bridge	17	7
Wiverton	0	0
Wolds	1	0

# Rushcliffe

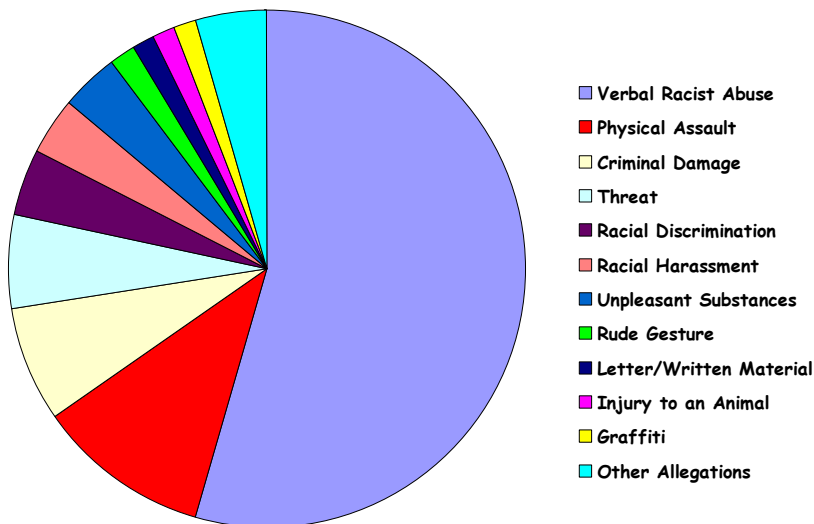
## Place Incidents Reported 2006/7

The number of incidents reported at the home of the victim has halved during 2006/7. This is primarily due to the reduction of incidents in the 'Gamston Ward'.

Reported incidents in schools have increased.



## Allegations Made 2006/7



Allegations made in both periods are very similar. There are small reductions in the number of reported assaults and incidents of harassment.

# Rushcliffe

## Victim Origin

The victims of racist incidents came from twelve different ethnic groups during 2006/7.

The number of Pakistani victims has increased.

22% of victims suffered repeat victimisation during 2006/7 compared to 34% during 2005/6.

During 2006/7, 48 % of victims are female, 51% male and no gender information is known for one person.

	2005/6	2006/7
Asian: Pakistani	16	24
White: British	16	13
Asian: Indian	16	11
Black: Caribbean	5	9
White: Other White	3	6
Not Recorded	4	4
Mixed: White and Asian	3	4
Other Group: Middle East	8	3
Asian: Other Asian	5	3
Not Known	0	3
Black: African	1	2
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	2	2
Black: Other Black	1	1
Gypsy	0	1
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	7	0
No Specific Victim	3	0
Refused to Provide	4	0
Mixed: Other Mixed	4	0

## Victim Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	27	29
Female	Juvenile	14	12
Male	Adult	39	34
Male	Juvenile	15	10
Not known	Adult	3	1

## Offender Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	19	16
Female	Juvenile	7	6
Male	Adult	47	35
Male	Juvenile	25	17
Not known	Adult	48	36
Not known	Juvenile	2	0

During 2006/7 no information is known for 35% of alleged offenders.

Where origin is known, 55% are 'White British' and 6% are from minority ethnic groups.

During 2006/7, 20% of alleged offenders are female, 48% male and no gender information is known for 32%.

## Offender Origin

	2005/6	2006/7
White: British	80	61
Not Known	60	35
Not Recorded	3	6
Asian: Pakistani	2	3
Asian: Asian	0	2
White: Other White	0	1
Corporate Body	0	1
Asian: Indian	1	1
Refused to Provide	1	0
Mixed: White and Asian	1	0

## Rushcliffe

The number of reported non-crime incidents fell by 19 during 2006/7.

Reported crimes fell by 10 during 2006/7. The detected rate fell by 5% during 2006/7 and 'Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning' was used as a response more often during 2006/7.

### Police Response

#### Police Non-Crime

	2005/6	2006/7
Hate Incident Not A Crime	58	39
<b>Police Crime Report Totals</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>42</b>
<b>Police Response to Crime</b>		
Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning	0.0%	7.1%
Charged/Summons	42.3%	28.6%
Detected No Further Police Action	1.9%	0.0%
Not Detected	55.8%	61.9%
Penalty Notice for Crime	0.0%	2.4%

### Charges Prosecuted

	2005/6	2006/7
Homicide		
Other Assault		2
Other Damage		
Other Harassment		
Other		
Other Public Order	3	
RA Public Order	5	
RA Assault	9	2
RA Damage		
RA Harassment		
Theft Act		

Two cases were not proven during 2006/7

### Outcome of Cases

	2005/6	2006/7
Bind Over		
Community Sentence	10	2
Custodial Sentence		
Deferred Sentence		
Discharge	1	
Fine		
Other	6	
Bound over without trial		
Not Guilty		2

### Reason for Not Prosecuting

	2005/6	2006/7
Witness fails to attend		
Witness refuses to give evidence		
Other insufficient evidence		2
Public Interest	1	
Written Off/Other		

## Nottingham

Reported race related incidents have increased during 2006/7 by 4% when compared to 2005/6.

### Incidents per Month

	2005/6	2006/7
April	120	89
May	102	103
June	80	92
July	144	94
August	98	66
September	76	121
October	81	82
November	84	85
December	56	79
January	75	109
February	58	94
March	86	91
<b>Total:</b>	<b>1060</b>	<b>1105</b>

### Source of Incident Reports

	2005/6	2006/7
Nottingham City Homes	103	80
Local Authority	1	3
Health Authorities/Trusts	0	2
Other Police Information	40	42
Private Individual	2	0
Nottinghamshire Police	654	761
City Schools	276	239
City Social Services	0	2
University	0	4
Voluntary Groups	5	10

Incidents reported to Nottinghamshire Police increased by 105 during 2006/7. Fewer incidents were reported by schools and Nottingham City Homes.

### Electoral Wards Incidents Reported

	2005/6	2006/7
Arboretum	55	62
Aspley	82	47
Basford	55	68
Berridge	73	80
Bestwood	99	60
Bilborough	54	58
Bridge (Nottingham)	126	145
Bulwell	30	46
Bulwell Forest	45	54
Clifton North	14	14
Clifton South	19	28
Dales	52	45
Dunkirk & Lenton	26	31
Leen Valley	42	31
Mapperley	36	34
Radford & Park	64	73
Sherwood (Nottingham)	40	57
St Anns	113	134
Wollaton East & Lenton Abbey	12	29
Wollaton West	23	11

Incidents were reported in all Nottingham electoral wards.

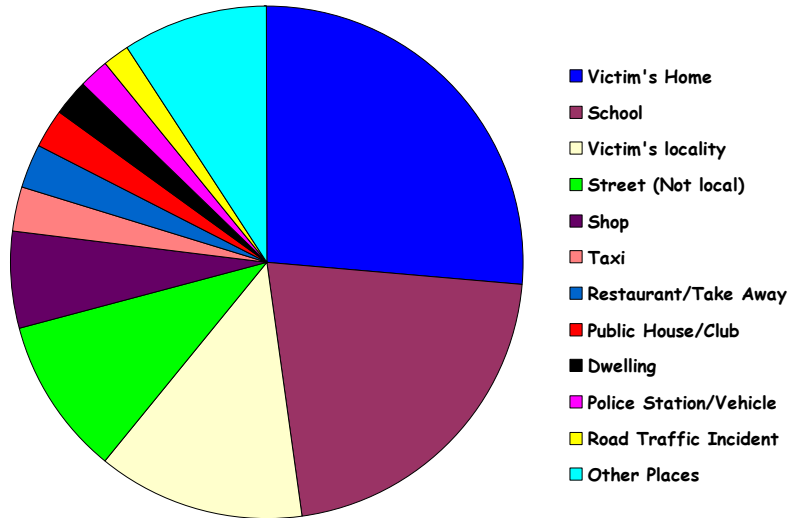
Bridge and St Anns each had over 10% of the total incidents reported.

# Nottingham

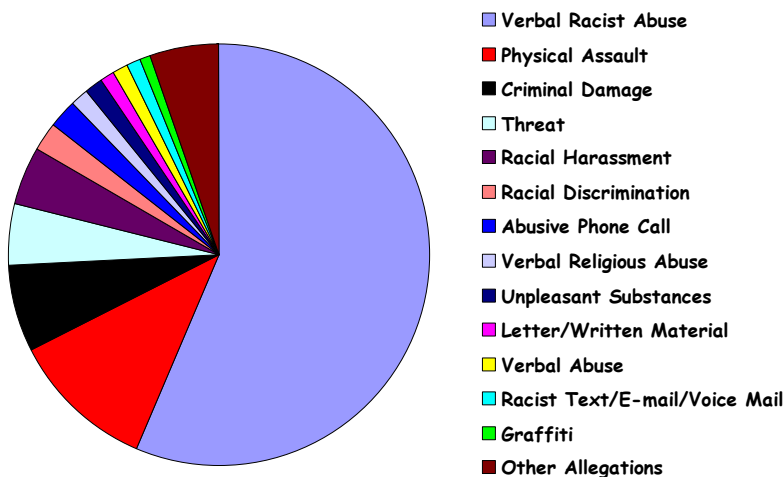
## Place Incidents Reported 2006/7

The majority of incidents (39%) occurred at or near the victim's home.

Street incidents not near where the victim lives have increased as have reported incidents in shops.



## Allegations Made 2006/7



Verbal racist abuse was the most common allegation and was alleged in 71% of incidents during 2006/7.

The number of reported assaults has increased and incidents of criminal damage have reduced.

## Nottingham

### Victim Origin

The victims of racist incidents came from twenty different ethnic groups during 2006/7.

The numbers of victims from each ethnic group are similar for both periods.

The number of victims where ethnicity was not recorded has doubled whilst victim refusing to provide ethnicity information reduced from 56 to 7.

27% of victims suffered repeat victimisation during both periods.

	2005/6	2006/7
Asian: Pakistani	194	219
Black: Caribbean	125	149
White: British	126	118
Asian: Indian	92	100
Not Recorded	44	88
White: Other White	55	58
Other Group: Middle East	30	47
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	85	46
Black: African	47	42
Asian: Other Asian	26	27
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	15	20
No Specific Victim	29	16
Mixed: White and Asian	15	13
Not Known	20	13
Black: Other Black	14	10
Mixed: White and Black African	7	10
Mixed: Other Mixed	11	8
Refused to Provide	56	6
White: Irish	5	6
Asian: Bangladeshi	8	6
Asian: Asian	0	5
Other Group: Other Ethnic Group	15	4
Black: Black	2	1
Gypsy	0	1
Corporate Body	2	0

### Victim Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	247	244
Female	Juvenile	131	111
Male	Adult	391	468
Male	Juvenile	210	165
Not known	Adult	38	25
Not known	Juvenile	6	0

During 2006/7, 35% of victims are female, 62% male and no gender information is available for 2% of victims.

# Nottingham

## Offender Origin

During 2006/7 no information is known for 36% of alleged offenders.

During 2006/7 alleged offenders came from nineteen different ethnic groups.

Where origin is known 40% of alleged offenders are 'White British', and 16% from minority ethnic groups.

	2005/6	2006/7
White: British	418	502
Not Known	622	447
Not Recorded	79	107
Black: Caribbean	68	72
Asian: Pakistani	26	36
Mixed: White and Black Caribbean	34	21
Asian: Asian	8	19
Asian: Indian	9	13
White: Other White	9	12
Black: African	4	9
Other Group: Chinese/Oriental	1	2
Other Group: Middle East	1	2
Mixed: White and Black African	4	2
Refused to Provide	4	2
Asian: Bangladeshi	0	2
White: Irish	3	2
Gypsy	0	1
Asian: Other Asian	3	1
Other Group: Other Ethnic Group	3	1
No Specific Offender	0	1
Traveller	5	1
Black: Other Black	1	0
Mixed: White and Asian	2	0
Corporate Body	1	0

## Offender Age

Gender	Age	2005/6	2006/7
Female	Adult	87	113
Female	Juvenile	95	101
Male	Adult	345	406
Male	Juvenile	404	338
Not known	Adult	335	280
Not known	Juvenile	39	17

During 2006/7, 17% of alleged offenders are female, 59% male and no gender information is known for 24%.

## Nottingham

The number of reported non-crime incidents increased slightly.

Reported crimes increased by 93 during 2006/7.

The detection rate during 2006/7 has improved by nearly 5%.

### Police Response

#### Police Non-Crime

	2005/6	2006/7
Hate Incident Not A Crime	192	205

#### Police Crime Report Totals

	462	557
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#### Police Response to Crime

Caution/Reprimand/Final Warning	2.6%	5.6%
Charged/Summons	26.6%	29.1%
Detected No Further Police Action	1.7%	0.5%
Not Detected	68.6%	63.9%
Penalty Notice for Crime	0.4%	0.9%

### Charges Prosecuted

	2005/6	2006/7
Homicide		
Other Assault	13	13
Other Damage	8	3
Other Harassment		
Other	8	2
Other Public Order	8	10
RA Public Order	72	30
RA Assault	15	9
RA Damage	8	4
RA Harassment	3	
Theft Act	2	2

Forty-three racially aggravated charges were prosecuted during 2006/7 compared to ninety-eight during 2005/6.

Twelve people receive custodial sentences during 2006/7.

### Outcome of Cases

	2005/6	2006/7
Bind Over		
Community Sentence	64	31
Custodial Sentence	13	12
Deferred Sentence		
Discharge	15	4
Fine	20	11
Other	9	8
Bound over without trial		
Not Guilty	16	7

### Reason for Not Prosecuting

	2005/6	2006/7
Witness fails to attend	6	11
Witness refuses to give evidence	4	5
Other insufficient evidence	8	2
Public Interest	14	13
Written Off/Other	11	

Sixteen cases were not prosecuted because witness refused to attend or give evidence.

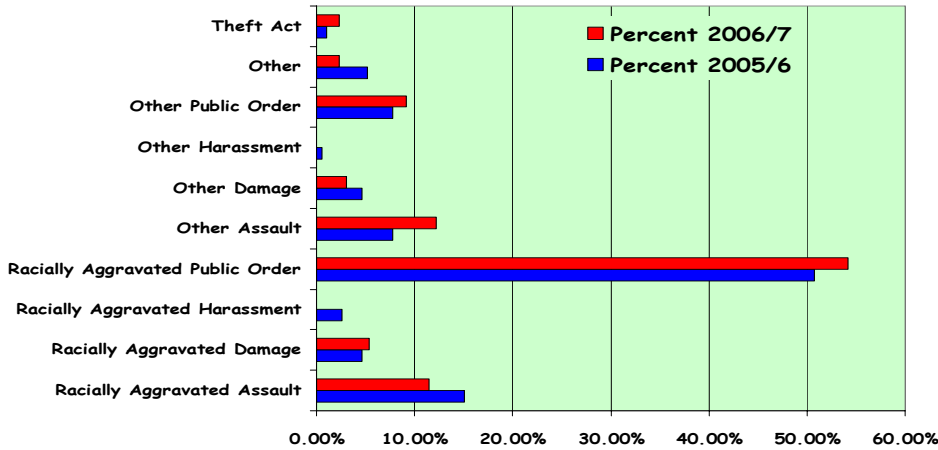
Thirteen cases were not prosecuted for public interest reasons.

# Nottinghamshire Courts

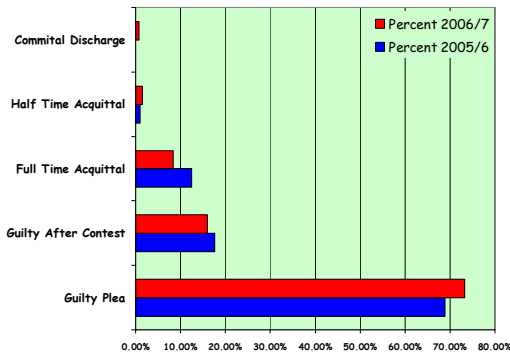
Racist incidents which were identified by the Police and Crown Prosecution Service and which were finalised by the courts during 2006/7 are analysed below and compared to the figures for 2005/6.

No. of Defendants		No. of Charges	
2005/6	2006/7	2005/6	2006/7
157	122	249	179

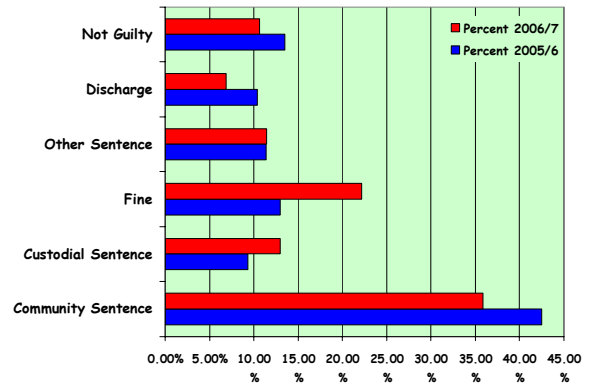
## Charges Prosecuted



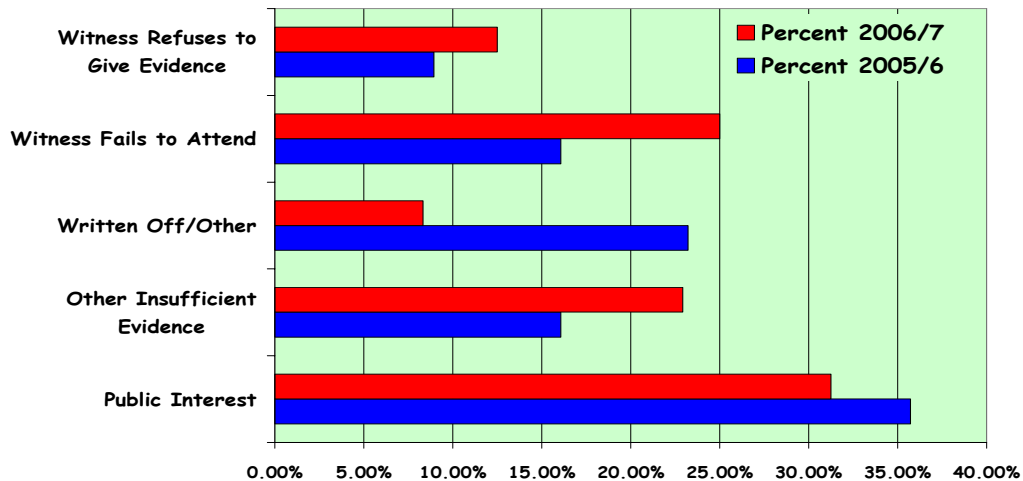
## Outcome



## Result



## Charges Dropped



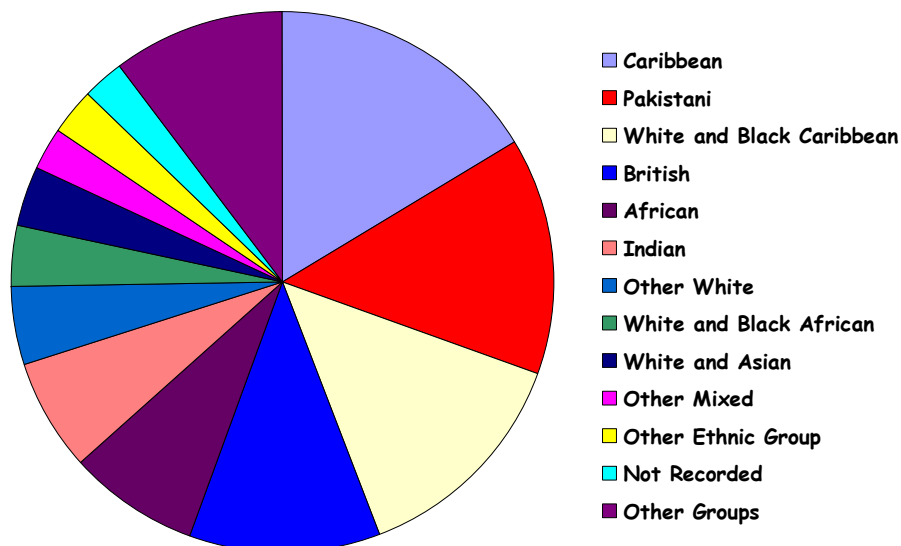
## Racist Incidents Reported By Schools

School Type	City		County	
	2005/6	2006/7	2005/6	2006/7
Nursery School		1		
Infant School	32	16		
Junior School	57	32	16	23
Primary School	154	142	8	51
Comprehensive School	30	48	37	82
Children's Services	1		2	
Special School	5	4		
Community College	1	5	1	
<b>Total Incidents Reported</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>156</b>

The table above shows the number of incidents reported by the different school types in the City and the County during 2005/6 and 2006/7. The number of incidents reported by City schools has fallen and the number reported by County Schools has more than doubled.

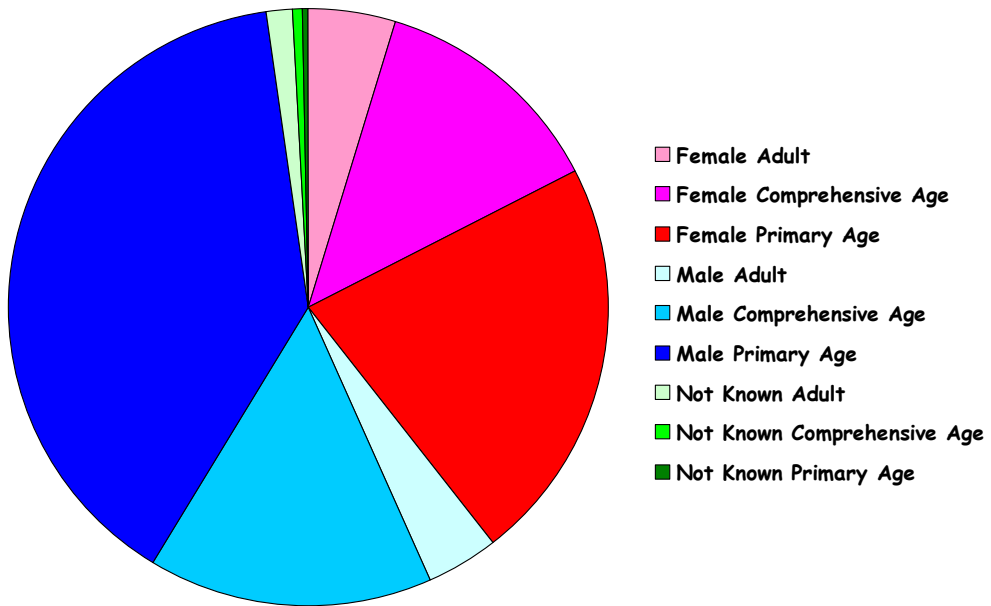
Number of Different Victims	271	231	48	134
Number of Different Alleged Offenders	282	233	55	159
Number of Different Schools Reporting Incidents	67	55	18	47

Victim Ethnic Origin 2006/7



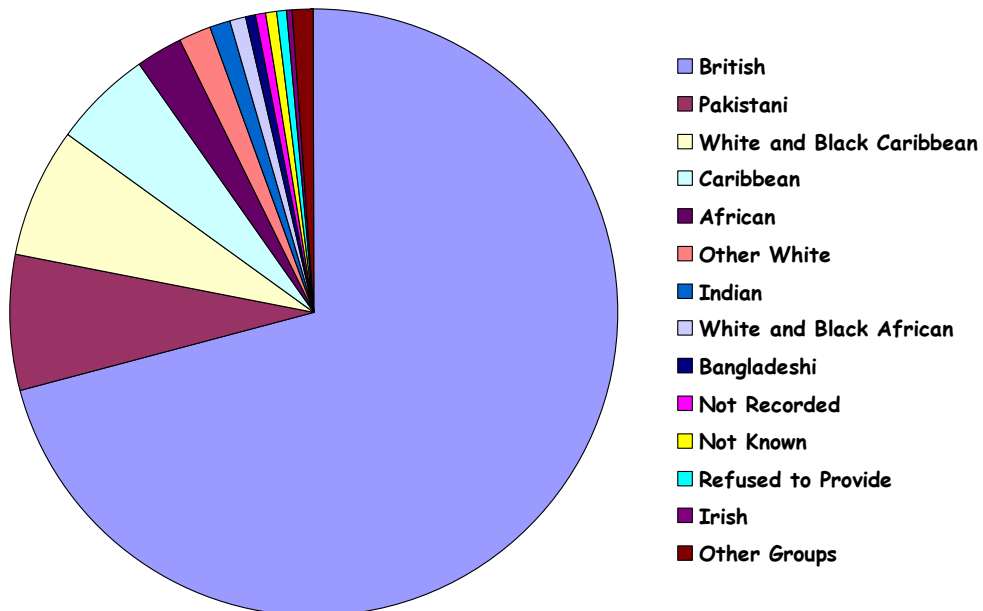
The chart above shows the victim ethnic origin. Between April 2006 and March 2007, victims in the City came from thirty-seven different ethnic groups and in the County, from twenty-six different ethnic groups.

## Victim Age and Gender 2006/7



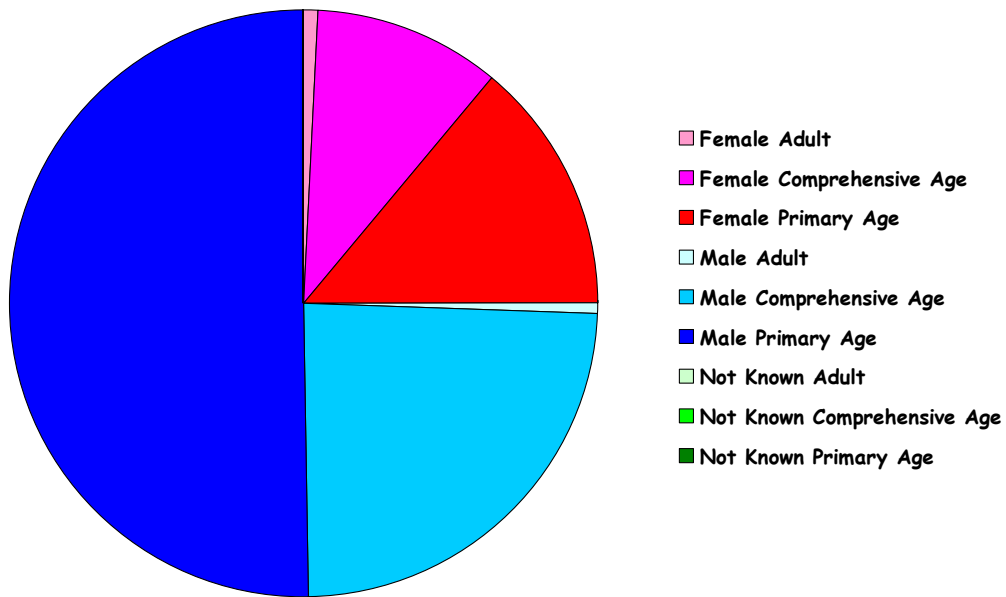
In the City the majority of incident reports are from Primary schools whereas in the County the majority of

## Alleged Offender Ethnic Origin 2006/7



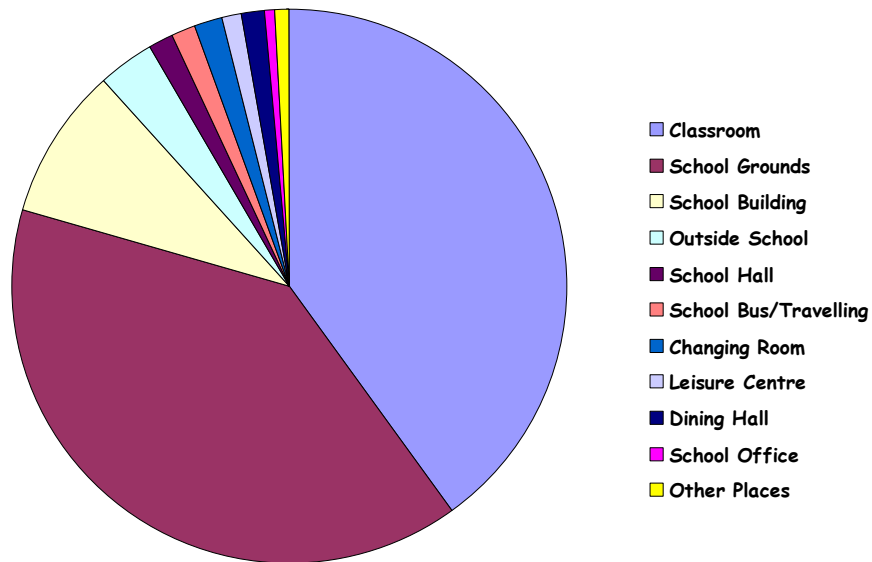
reports are from Comprehensive schools.

## Alleged Offender Age and Gender 2006/7



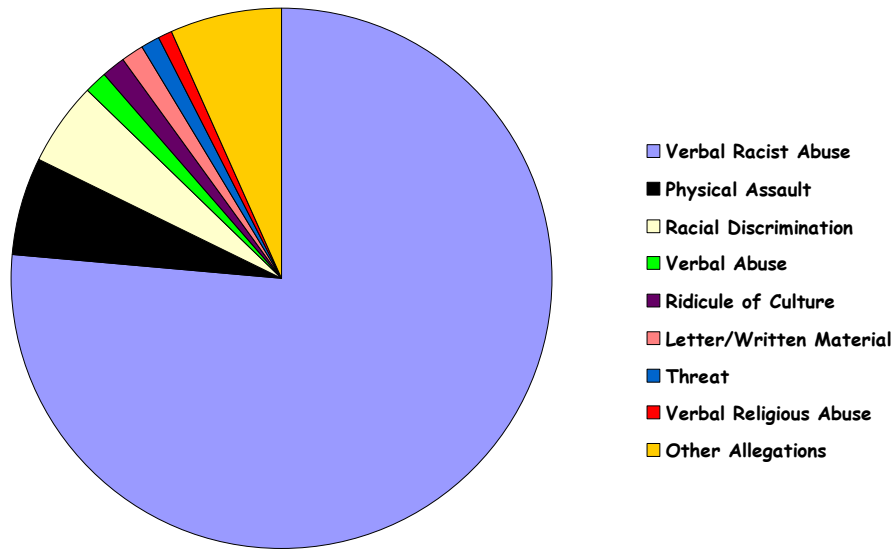
The charts above shows alleged offender ethnic origin, age and gender. In the City during the two periods alleged offenders are from twenty-two different ethnic groups and in the County form thirteen different ethnic groups. In both the City and the County, 'White British' are the majority alleged offenders.

## Place Incidents Occurred



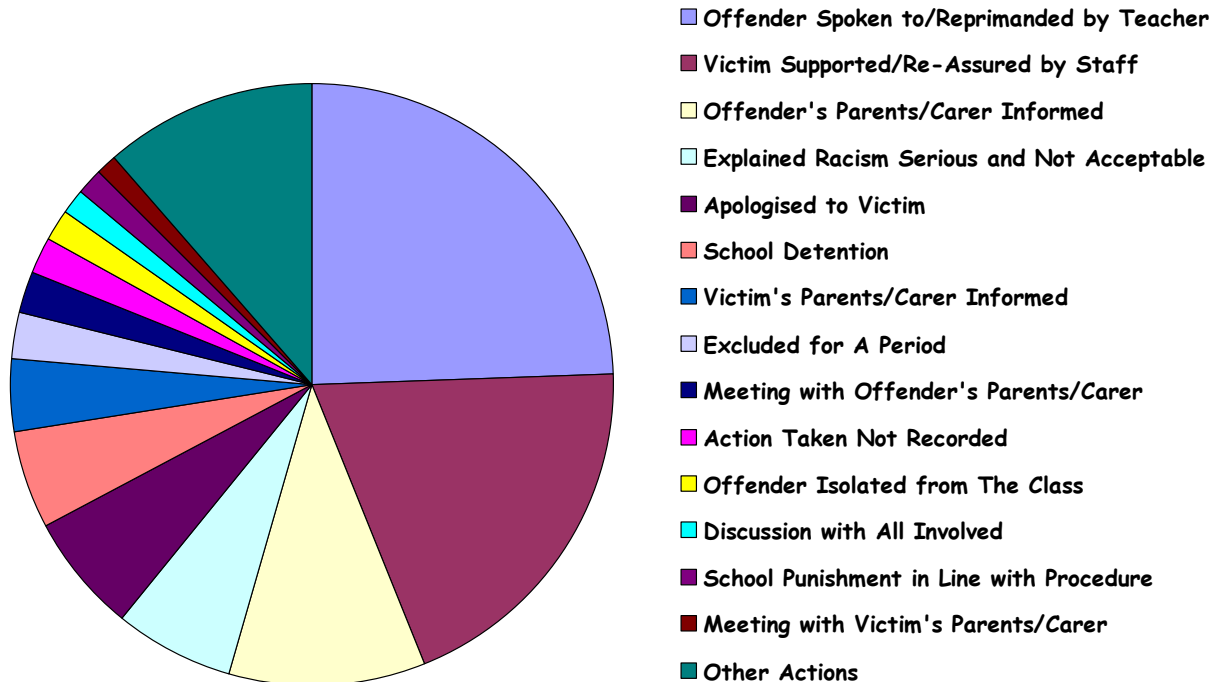
The chart above shows the location of reported incidents. The majority of incidents in both the City and the County occur outside on the school grounds or in the classroom. For children at primary school age many of the incidents on the school grounds occur when the children fall out when playing various games.

## Allegations Made 2006/7



Verbal abuse was alleged in over 90% of incidents reported in City schools and in over 80% of incidents in County schools.

## Actions Taken by Schools



The chart above shows the most common ways schools responded to racist incidents. It should be noted that this information is not always provided on the reports received from schools.

## Eastern European Migrant Workers

During 2006/7 there has been an increase in incidents involving Eastern European migrant workers and their families. Where country of origin is known, the majority of the victims are Polish.

	2005/6	2006/7
<b>Number of Incidents</b>	4	52
<b>Incident Local Authority</b>		
Ashfield		1
Bassetlaw		38
Broxtowe	1	1
Gedling		3
Mansfield	2	5
Newark & Sherwood		4
Nottingham	1	12
<b>Number of Different Victims</b>	4	54
<b>Number of Repeat Victims</b>		13
<b>Incident Place</b>		
Place of Work		1
Public House	1	1
School		12
Shop		3
Victim's Home/Locality	3	41

The information above demonstrates that Eastern European Migrant workers have become a significant victim group.

## Agencies Joining the Common Monitoring Project during 2006/7

A1 Housing Bassetlaw Ltd  
 Nottinghamshire Rural Community Council  
 Skegby Methodist Church & Anchor Centre  
 The Hub (The Children's Society Project)  
 The Monitoring Group  
 University of Nottingham Student Union

## Source of Incident Reports

	2000/1	2001/2	2002/3	2003/4	2004/5	2005/6	2006/7	Total
Afro Caribbean and Asian Forum	6	21	4					31
Ashfield Citizens Advice Bureau		1						1
Ashfield District Council								0
Ashfield Homes Limited					2	6	1	9
Bassetlaw District Council			2	2				4
Broxtowe Borough Council		2				4	39	45
Colleges of Further Education	1							1
Community Organisations		1	1					2
Crown Prosecution Service	94	187	188	146	153	157	122	1047
East Midlands Ambulance Service			1		1			2
Gedling Borough Council		1	5	3	1	2	3	15
H M Prisons	2	1	6					9
Housing Associations			8	81	44			133
Mansfield District Council			1				3	4
Miscellaneous	51	91	103	101	115	103	142	706
National Probation Service	1	1	1	1			1	5
New Deal for Communities - NG7		1		1				2
Newark & Sherwood District Council				2	4	1	3	10
Newark and Sherwood Homes						3		3
Nottingham & Nottinghamshire REC	1		5	54	44	9	11	124
Nottingham City Council - Building Works			2					2
Nottingham City Council - Environmental	4			3				7
Nottingham City Council - Housing	162	234	257	161	98			912
Nottingham City Council - Leisure Services				1		1	3	5
Nottingham City Council - Trading Standards	1	3		1	2			7
Nottingham City Homes					8	108	80	196
Nottingham City Schools	2	1	78	250	279	282	248	1140
Nottingham City Transport	4	11	10	4	1			30
Nottingham Social Services		1					2	3
Nottingham Youth Offending Team								0
Nottinghamshire County Council						2		2
Nottinghamshire County NHS							2	2
Nottinghamshire Fire & Rescue	1							1
Nottinghamshire Library Services						1	1	2
Nottinghamshire Police	861	1132	1078	1136	1268	1353	1520	8348
Nottinghamshire Rural Community Council							1	1
Nottinghamshire Schools	7	28	45	50	69	62	156	417
Nottinghamshire Social Services	1	4	4	1	3	8	2	23
Places of Worship		1						1
Rushcliffe Borough Council	1				2	2		5
Rushcliffe Homes					2	1		3
University of Nottingham Student Union							4	4
<b>Total</b>	<b>1200</b>	<b>1722</b>	<b>1799</b>	<b>1998</b>	<b>2096</b>	<b>2105</b>	<b>2344</b>	<b>13263</b>

## Training

The project, with the help of Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Racial Equality Council and Nottinghamshire Police, provides a training seminar to assist agencies to become more active partners in the project and gain a better understanding of the effects of racism.

Eighteen training events were completed during 2006/7 raising awareness of the project and providing staff of the participating agencies with the confidence to record incidents and provided guidance and help to victims. A similar level of training activity is expected during 2007/8.

This training is provided free of charge to departments of Nottinghamshire County Council and Nottingham City Council and a nominal charge is made to other agencies to cover costs. For further information contact the System Co-ordinator.

## Further Information and Reports

Copies of this report are available in other formats and languages on request.

A non colour version of the report is available on request.

The Common Monitoring Project Annual Report, because of the diverse population and wide area it covers, can only provide an overview of the different aspects of racist incidents and the people it is affecting.

The project has developed a comprehensive database which is capable of providing detailed analysis of all data collected by the project.

Any participating agencies or organisation requiring further analysis of the collected data should contact the System Co-ordinator at the address below: -

**Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Racial Equality Council  
67 Lower Parliament Street  
Nottingham NG1 3BB**

**Tel: 0115 9586515  
Fax: 0115 9590624  
Email: [djohnson@nottrec.com](mailto:djohnson@nottrec.com)**